



# Camden Clark Medical Center

*Community Health Needs Assessment*

*December 2, 2021*

**Prepared for:**

Camden Clark Medical Center, Parkersburg, West Virginia

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## Document Acronyms

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The following acronyms are used throughout this document:

Acronym	Definition
ACA	Affordable Care Act
CCMC	Camden Clark Medical Center
CHIP	Community Health Implementation Plan
CHNA	Community Health Needs Assessment
WVUHS	West Virginia University Health System
WVU OHA	West Virginia University Office of Health Affairs

# 1 Background and Introduction

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Provisions in the Affordable Care Act (ACA) of 2010 require tax-exempt (non-profit) hospitals to conduct a Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) and develop a Community Health Implementation Plan (CHIP) at least every three years. The regulations for the CHNA include defining the hospital's service area and compiling demographics and analysis of health indicators; taking into account input from the community, including public health professionals; identifying resources; and prioritizing community health needs.

The 2021 Camden Clark Medical Center (CCMC) CHNA meets the requirements described above and identifies the following prioritized needs

- Obesity, Chronic Disease, Physical Activity, and Nutrition
- Substance Use and Mental Health
- Cancer
- COVID-19
- Poverty

This document serves as a roadmap for the CHIP, which will be developed following the completion of the 2021 CHNA and will specify planned actions to be taken by CCMC and community partners, available resources, anticipated steps, and a plan for evaluating these activities. In addition to the requirement to conduct a CHNA, CCMC hospital leadership continually expressed the desire to go beyond regulatory requirements in serving patients and the community at large. To facilitate this goal, CCMC partnered with West Virginia University's Office of Health Affairs (WVU OHA) to complete this CHNA using a robust community based process designed to engage a broad representation of community members. The WVU team was led by Dr. Tom Bias. A CHNA leadership team including hospital and community representation was convened by CCMC to inform and guide the process.

## 1.1 About Camden Clark Medical Center

Camden Clark Medical Center was founded in 1898 by the city of Parkersburg. Originally boasting a 40-bed capacity, CCMC soon became the first hospital in West Virginia to support its own School of Nursing, which was in operation from 1898 to 1969. As the community's hospital for now more than a century, Camden Clark maintains a leadership role as the region's primary source for advanced health care and wellness programs. CCMC is now a 302-bed, not-for-profit, acute care facility, and is a learning site for West Virginia University at Parkersburg and other regional teaching facilities.

## 1.2 Previous CHNA Findings

The most recent CHNA was adopted in 2017. It included a review of secondary data to assess socioeconomic characteristics, as well as key risk factors facing the community. Additional information was provided through collection of survey data in Calhoun, Jackson, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Tyler, Wirt, and Wood counties in West Virginia, as well as Washington and Meigs counties in Ohio. Further

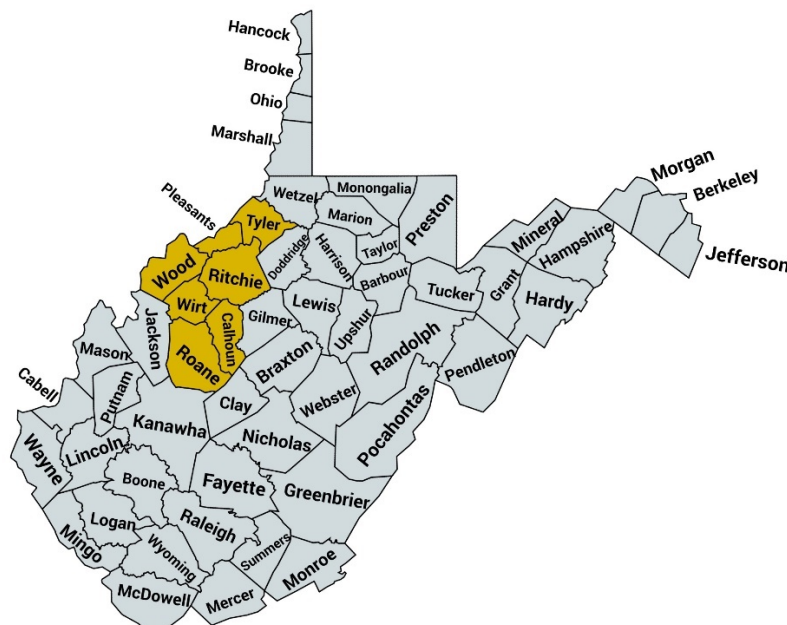
resident input was gathered at a community meeting hosted by CCMC. The final report identified three main health priorities, with goals and strategies for each:

- Substance Use/Abuse (including opioids and tobacco)
- Cancer
- Obesity and Chronic Disease

### 1.3 Definition of the Community Served

For the 2021 process, the CHNA leadership team defined the community served as Calhoun, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Tyler, Wirt, and Wood counties in West Virginia. Two neighboring hospitals, Jackson General Hospital and Marietta Memorial Hospital, were also conducting their CHNAs during this time. CCMC chose to exclude counties captured in their two service areas in an effort to not over-burden these communities with data collection.

Figure 1: CCMC Service Area



The following table contains information from the US Census Bureau and shows the most current Quickfacts<sup>1</sup> (Appendix A) for the seven counties in CCMC's service area. It outlines some basic demographics, as well as information about health insurance coverage and poverty levels.

*Table 1: Select Demographic Data*

	<b>Calhoun</b>	<b>Pleasants</b>	<b>Ritchie</b>	<b>Roane</b>	<b>Tyler</b>	<b>Wirt</b>	<b>Wood</b>
Population	7,109	7,460	9,554	13,688	8,591	5,821	83,518
Residents under 18	18.1%	18.5%	19.6%	20.3%	19.3%	21.3%	20.9%
Non-white or 1+ race	2.1%	3.6%	1.9%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	3.7%
Hispanic or Latino	1.1%	0.9%	0.9%	1.3%	0.8%	0.9%	1.2%
High school education or more	80.5%	89.1%	84.6%	79.1%	89.2%	82.9%	89.9%
Bachelor's degree or more	12.2%	11.6%	11.3%	13.1%	14.1%	11.2%	21.9%
Under 65 yrs. and uninsured	17.6%	5.5%	9.1%	19.6%	6.9%	7.8%	14.5%
Persons living in poverty	21.6%	13.0%	17.9%	19.4%	15.4%	17.5%	14.1%

## 2 Methodology and Community Input Process

The CHNA process began with a thorough review of the previous cycle's needs assessment report, and included review of publicly available secondary data related to counties within CCMC's service area. These data included the above census data and County Health Rankings Data (Appendix B). Using these reports as a springboard, the leadership team started the initial discussion around critical health needs, changes in the community demographics over the previous few years, and lessons learned from the last CHNA cycle's health topic prioritization and development of implementation activities.

Primary data collection was comprised of surveying community members to gather perceptions of health issues, quality of life, and other related topics. Survey data was analyzed and presented back to the CCMC leadership team, and then again at a community event hosted virtually by the hospital team. This event was focused on reviewing the survey data, discussing community assets that impact population health in CCMC's service area, as well as discussing the needs of those not well-represented

<sup>1</sup> <https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/US/PST045219>

in the survey data. At this meeting, the group worked to discuss possible strategies for each area of concern, as well as existing resources to address these needs.

## 2.1 Primary Methods of Collecting and Analyzing Information

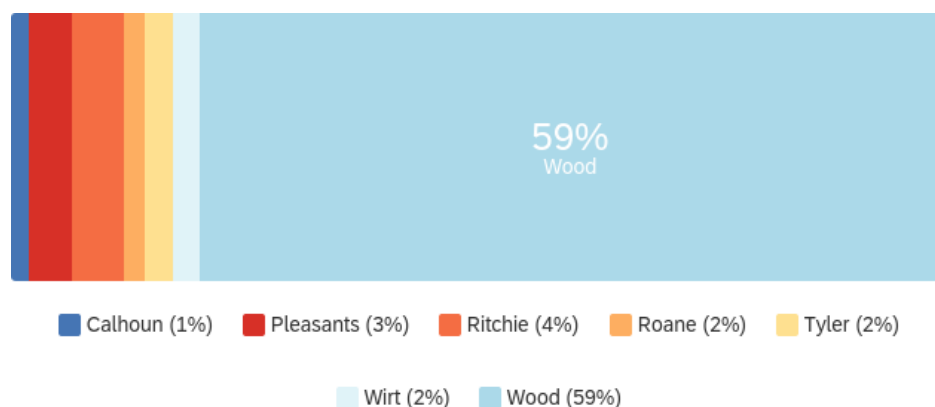
Two primary sources of data were utilized to inform the CHNA: (1) a public input survey and (2) a community meeting. The public input survey (Appendix C) was developed by WVU OHA with the CCMC CHNA leadership team following an iterative process. Survey topics included questions about specific health issues, thoughts on overall health of the community, quality of life, access to health care and medical needs (including specialist care), risky behaviors and personal choices, some questions specific to experiences during the COVID-19 pandemic, and demographic information including geographic location and income.

Data was collected anonymously from residents age 18 and older. The survey was disseminated via a web-based platform and as hard copies in the community. In addition to a MyChart email blast to patient zip codes in the service area, as well as some more targeted efforts to close demographic gaps, collection efforts included:

- CCMC Pastoral Care Services
- Parkersburg-Wood County Area Development Corporation
- Social media accounts of local entities
- United Way Alliance of the Mid-Ohio Valley
- Wood County Development Authority
- Wood County Health Department
- WTAP

It was not intended to be a representative, scientific sample of residents of these three counties, but rather a mechanism to solicit the community's perception of health needs. A total of 2,430 surveys were completed by community members from the area. Noteworthy limitations included disproportionately low representation from males, from the lower-income population of these counties, from non-white community members, and from households with children.

Figure 2: Survey Response by County



At the conclusion of data collection, analysis was conducted by the WVU team. Results were presented back to leadership team members in aggregate (Appendix D), and also broken down by income, age, and

other demographics to ensure there was no significant variation in responses among groups. The team discussed the data alongside known health issues in the community, experiences in their own clinical and other professional settings, resources already in place to address some of the top issues, and initial thoughts about further addressing the most prevalent community concerns.

Additional information was collected through feedback at virtual community meeting hosted on November 11, 2021. This session, open to the public and with stakeholder representation from invested community partners, solicited input about community health needs and sought to identify groups and organizations already providing essential services. Survey results were presented to this group and strategies for improving health outcomes in the top areas were discussed. Fourteen attendees participated in this event. More details on the makeup of this session are found below.

Community input from the event was compiled into a document (Appendix E). Ideas and partners were categorized by health concern and will be used for reference at the implementation planning stage.

## 2.2 Leadership Team and Community Partners

The following organizations were represented on CCMC's CHNA leadership team and provided thorough input throughout the process of developing the CHNA. These individuals informed the public input survey and were instrumental in dissemination. Additionally, they identified and invited attendees to the community meeting, and were charged as a group with collaborative discussion of primary and secondary data to determine health priorities.

### Leadership Team

- Key Contact: MarJean Kennedy, VP Marketing, Development, and Strategic Initiatives, CCMC
- Hospital Leadership:
- Public Health Representative: Carrie Brainard, Regional Program Manager, MOV Health Department
- Hospital Foundation, Community Outreach: Kim Couch, Executive Director, CCMC Foundation
- Vulnerable Population Representative: Liz Ford, Executive Director, The Arc  
Stacy DeCicco, Executive Director, United Way Alliance of the MOV  
Kevin Triplett, President and CEO, Westbrook Health Services
- Reporting of Community Benefit: Walt Newlon, Director, Business Development
- Hospital Data: Fred Ervin, Director of Decision Support and Performance Improvement
- Hospital Website: Roger Lockhart, Director of Marketing and Public Affairs
- Jill Parsons, MOV Chamber of Commerce
- June Souder SSJ, MA, BCC; Manager, CCMC Pastoral Care Support

The following organizations from local government, business, and non-profit organizations were represented at the community meeting in November. Those in attendance were asked to speak to the experiences of the populations whom they serve or represent, and to discuss the accuracy of the survey data in relation to their professional and personal experiences as community members. Additionally, the group worked to compile a list of existing resources, programs, and policies, as well as fresh ideas or potential partnerships for addressing each area of concern.



### Organizations Represented at Community Meeting

- American Cancer Society
- Coplin Health Systems
- Jackson General Hospital
- Highmark Blue Cross Blue Shield
- MOV Chamber of Commerce
- Ritchie Regional Healthcare
- Rural Health Alliance
- Sisters Health Foundation
- WVU Extension Office
- WVU-P

## 3 Community Health Needs Prioritization

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Following the community meeting, the leadership team met to review all input together and identify priority areas to address through implementation strategies. Leadership reviewed closely the top concerns raised across all categories including health and disease, quality of life, environment, risky behaviors, and personal choice (see tables 2-4 below).

*Table 2: Community Health Perceptions Survey - Health & Disease*

Top Health and Disease Concerns	
Obesity – adult	42.1%
Cancers	41.0%
Drug and/or alcohol use	40.8%
COVID-19	28.4%
Diabetes	27.3%

*Table 3: Community Health Perceptions Survey - Quality of Life & Environment*

Top Quality of Life and Environment Concerns	
Cost of health care and/or medications	53.1%
Limited job opportunities	35.1%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	26.3%
Poverty	23.5%
Homelessness	21.6%

Table 4: Community Health Perceptions Survey - Risky Behavior & Personal Choice

Top Risky Behavior and Personal Choice Concerns	
Drug use	66.0%
Lack of exercise	36.4%
Alcohol use	31.5%
Unhealthy eating choices	24.5%
Tobacco – smoking	23.0%

Health issues were largely consistent when comparing datasets across demographics. For example, both men and women listed substance use and abuse, adult obesity, and cancer as their overall top three concerns, to varying degrees. For both demographics, COVID-19 and diabetes were the next two health issues beyond the “top three”. Adult obesity was also the top concern of both white and non-white respondents, with cancer and substance use and abuse falling next in line, to varying degrees.

The same three health issues trade places in the “top three” across income levels, households with and without children, and across all self-descriptions of the respondents’ own health. Only when accounting for age do we see a significant difference in “top three” health topics. Respondents age 70 or older tended to name cancer, COVID-19, and adult obesity as their top concerns. Those younger than age 45 tended to align with overall survey respondents concerned about substance use, obesity, and cancer, and this is a breakdown where mental health falls next in line behind the “top three”. (Further demographic breakdowns of top health and disease concerns can be found in Appendix F.)

Beyond health and disease, topics related to quality of life and environment also shared a common theme. Cost of health care and medications, limited employment opportunities, poverty, and limited or no health insurance coverage were all issues that appeared among top concerns. Poverty and homeless fell next in line, showing a public perception of socioeconomic issues. Respondents largely agreed with positive statements about the safety of the community and their personal connections within it but tended to disagree with the statement “there are good jobs in my community”.

Topics related to personal choice and risky behaviors tied in directly with all of the above. Drug use, lack of exercise, alcohol use, unhealthy eating choices, and cigarette smoking were all issues that appeared at the top of all datasets. When asked in an open-ended way for suggestions to address these issues, those who took the survey frequently answered with ideas that fell into the following categories:

- Physical activity: fitness space and programs, exercise-based social activities, active outdoor activities, increased walkability of infrastructure
- Access to or ability to afford health care and medication
- Health education programming
- Substance use prevention and treatment
- Nutrition-related topics: healthier restaurant and grocery store options, food assistance programs, nutrition education programs and classes

### 3.1 Prioritization Process

The existing secondary data, new survey data, community meeting input, and lessons learned from the last CHNA cycle all factored into CCMC leadership's prioritization decisions. The group considered the degree to which the hospital can realistically affect health outcomes for each topic, projects or programs already underway for each, as well as level of importance placed on each by the community relative to the reach of CCMC's impact. Leadership paid particular attention to the demographics of respondents compared to the community (Appendix G), feedback gathered about access to health care (Appendix H), how single women responded to questions about health concerns (Appendix I), as well as other areas and demographics they know to be of particular concern in their community.

Within this discussion of where and how the hospital can realistically affect community wellbeing and health outcomes, what they could accomplish with collaboration with partners, and what topics to monitor and revisit at a later time, the list of top health concerns was organized into five that will be the focus moving forward with implementation planning.

#### **Obesity, Chronic Disease, Physical Activity, and Nutrition**

During the previous CHNA cycle, obesity and chronic disease appeared among the community's top health concerns and were prioritized by hospital leadership to address through programming. CCMC implemented strategies to address these health topics, and leadership was not surprised to see these prevalent issues rise once again to the top of the list. This cycle, building on experiences from the last and in response to community requests and ideas collected through the survey data, CCMC's team has also included physical activity and nutrition among the facets of what will be addressed via prioritizing this topic.

#### **Substance Use and Mental Health**

CCMC leadership is well-aware of ongoing issues related to drug and alcohol use in their service area, as well as a continued need for attention and resources to be directed toward mental health. In response to existing knowledge, community input, and a recent local policy decision limiting access to treatment services in CCMC's home county, the leadership team sees it necessary to prioritize these topics.

#### **Cancer**

Cancer continues to remain in the top health concerns for this hospital's area, and CCMC has a track record of programming and partnerships that allow them to prioritize and address this issue through community benefit strategies. They will continue to do so through implementation planning this cycle.

#### **COVID-19**

Leadership discussed the many reasons that COVID-19 remains a concern in their hospital service area. Acknowledging that a large amount of educational information exists already, CCMC still feels that there are strategies they could offer to benefit the community at this point in the COVID-19 pandemic and have chosen to prioritize it as a topic to address through upcoming implementation planning.

## Poverty

Issues surrounding poverty are clearly prevalent concerns in this community: cost of care, lack of employment opportunities and health insurance, or income for necessities came up repeatedly in CCMC's survey data this cycle, as they did last cycle as well. Though the hospital cannot solve this large systemic problem, leadership is willing to look for creative ways to work to bridge the gap. Discussion included avenues to connect with people where they may already be receiving food assistance or treatment services. Leadership has chosen to prioritize this topic among the list of health and disease concerns above.

### 3.2 Potential Resources

The following table documents ideas for implementation strategy development, as well as organizations identified during the community meeting whose missions are aimed at addressing top health concerns. These organizations could potentially aid in addressing health concerns identified in this CHNA.

Table 5: Potential Community Resources

Community Resources/Ideas
<b><i>Obesity, Chronic Disease, Physical Activity, and Nutrition</i></b>
American Heart Association – free BP checks
Archery range at Mountwood Park
Coplin Health Systems Food FARMacy – nutrition classes, education, portable kitchen
Dining with a Doc – well-received in the past (200-250 people)
Dining with Diabetes
Famers Market – cooking classes with Gwen
Fitness centers
Fit Soul – Ritchie County
Kayak launch in Vienna via small grants
Move More MOV
Rails to Trails
Thrive – Community Resources – mobile fresh food from Mountaineer Food Bank
Turkey Trot and other community walks/runs
WVU Extension Services – school-based classes, Show Me Nutrition
<b><i>Substance Use and Mental Health</i></b>
Anti-stigma training efforts

Church-based AA meeting supported by CCMC
Conduct food insecurity screenings
Develop and support community gardens and farms
Healthy corner store initiatives
Host on-site Farmer's Markets, mobile markets and community supported agriculture programs
Increase access to affordable healthy foods through nutrition incentive programs
Lynn – youth drug prevention in school system via HRSA grant and with law enforcement as a partner
Peer Recovery Support Specialist certification – M. Leeson
Peer Recovery Support Specialists in the ED
Produce prescription programs
Perinatal Partnership – new hire in L&D to work with patients
Partner with schools to support Farm 2 School and school-based meal programs
Support summer, after-school, and weekend meals
Substance Use Disorder Collaborative – clinical providers and law enforcement
Suicide prevention for those 40 and under
Too Good for Drugs – curriculum
Workforce development for those in recovery
WVU Extension Services – has received T(eacher) R(esources) A(ddiction) I(m pact) N(ow) training to implement in elementary schools when they are able
<b><i>Cancer</i></b>
American Cancer Association – caregiver and survivor support; meet needs for transportation and lodging
Cancer Resource Center – CCMC
Colorectal screening kits – free, funded by WVU Cancer Fund; uninsured patients are able to follow up with a free colonoscopy if needed
CCMC Foundation – transportation help, etc.
Mountains of Hope – WV Health Connection
<b><i>COVID-19</i></b>
Childhood vaccination education information
<b><i>Poverty</i></b>

Food FARMacy or food boxes
Ritchie Regional Health – will loan BP cuff and educate about tracking blood pressure
Quarterly low-cost blood screening events

## 4 Conclusion

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Each of the top priorities identified in the 2021 CHNA are consistent with concerns raised in 2017. Though the COVID-19 pandemic delayed completion of CCMC's CHNA due to multiple case surges, prioritization of clinical operations, effects on data collection efforts, and the ability of the usual hospital and community partners to participate in a predictable fashion, CCMC's leadership team has completed this process thoughtfully and with an eye to lessons learned the last cycle. The 2021 CHNA identified five priorities to guide CCMC's efforts to improve the health of community members:

- Obesity, Chronic Disease, Physical Activity, and Nutrition
- Substance Use and Mental Health
- Cancer
- COVID-19
- Poverty

## 5 Appendices

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Appendix A - US Census Quickfacts Data

Appendix B - County Health Rankings and Roadmaps Data

Appendix C - Community Health Perceptions Survey

Appendix D - Aggregate Survey Data

Appendix E - Community Feedback and Ideas

Appendix F - Top Health and Disease Demographic Breakdowns

Appendix G – Respondent Demographics vs. Community Demographics

Appendix H – Responses Regarding Access to Care


Appendix I – Responses of Single Women

## QuickFacts

### Ritchie County, West Virginia; Pleasants County, West Virginia; Calhoun County, West Virginia

QuickFacts provides statistics for all states and counties, and for cities and towns with a *population of 5,000 or more*.

Table

All Topics ▼	Ritchie County, West Virginia	Pleasants County, West Virginia	Calhoun County, West Virginia
Population estimates, July 1, 2019, (V2019)	9,554	7,460	7,109
 PEOPLE			
<b>Population</b>			
Population estimates, July 1, 2019, (V2019)	9,554	7,460	7,109
Population estimates base, April 1, 2010, (V2019)	10,449	7,602	7,627
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 (estimates base) to July 1, 2019, (V2019)	-8.6%	-1.9%	-6.8%
Population, Census, April 1, 2020	8,444	7,653	6,229
Population, Census, April 1, 2010	10,449	7,605	7,627
<b>Age and Sex</b>			
Persons under 5 years, percent	▲ 5.0%	▲ 5.0%	▲ 4.3%
Persons under 18 years, percent	▲ 19.6%	▲ 18.5%	▲ 18.1%
Persons 65 years and over, percent	▲ 23.0%	▲ 19.6%	▲ 25.6%
Female persons, percent	▲ 50.1%	▲ 45.8%	▲ 49.9%
<b>Race and Hispanic Origin</b>			
White alone, percent	▲ 98.1%	▲ 96.4%	▲ 98.0%
Black or African American alone, percent (a)	▲ 0.5%	▲ 1.7%	▲ 0.4%
American Indian and Alaska Native alone, percent (a)	▲ 0.2%	▲ 0.3%	▲ 0.4%
Asian alone, percent (a)	▲ 0.2%	▲ 0.2%	▲ 0.2%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone, percent (a)	▲ 0.0%	▲ 0.0%	▲ Z
Two or More Races, percent	▲ 1.0%	▲ 1.4%	▲ 1.1%
Hispanic or Latino, percent (b)	▲ 0.9%	▲ 0.9%	▲ 1.1%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino, percent	▲ 97.3%	▲ 95.6%	▲ 96.9%
<b>Population Characteristics</b>			
Veterans, 2015-2019	803	546	323
Foreign born persons, percent, 2015-2019	1.1%	0.1%	0.8%
<b>Housing</b>			
Housing units, July 1, 2019, (V2019)	5,959	3,413	4,015
Owner-occupied housing unit rate, 2015-2019	79.8%	82.5%	78.9%
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2015-2019	\$96,700	\$106,600	\$83,500
Median selected monthly owner costs -with a mortgage, 2015-2019	\$799	\$966	\$703
Median selected monthly owner costs -without a mortgage, 2015-2019	\$251	\$330	\$214
Median gross rent, 2015-2019	\$608	\$572	\$611
Building permits, 2020	18	4	NA
<b>Families &amp; Living Arrangements</b>			
Households, 2015-2019	4,049	2,835	2,826
Persons per household, 2015-2019	2.42	2.45	2.57
Living in same house 1 year ago, percent of persons age 1 year+, 2015-2019	90.5%	86.2%	89.4%
Language other than English spoken at home, percent of persons age 5 years+, 2015-2019	0.8%	2.1%	1.6%
<b>Computer and Internet Use</b>			
Households with a computer, percent, 2015-2019	78.0%	84.6%	79.1%
Households with a broadband Internet subscription, percent, 2015-2019	70.7%	76.1%	69.4%
<b>Education</b>			
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25 years+, 2015-2019	84.6%	89.1%	80.5%
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25 years+, 2015-2019	11.3%	11.6%	12.2%
<b>Health</b>			
With a disability, under age 65 years, percent, 2015-2019	16.3%	12.3%	17.6%
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years, percent	▲ 9.1%	▲ 5.5%	▲ 9.0%

## Economy

In civilian labor force, total, percent of population age 16 years+, 2015-2019	46.1%	53.0%	41.2%
In civilian labor force, female, percent of population age 16 years+, 2015-2019	40.0%	46.7%	37.8%
Total accommodation and food services sales, 2012 (\$1,000) (c)	D	D	1,050
Total health care and social assistance receipts/revenue, 2012 (\$1,000) (c)	11,730	21,030	16,956
Total manufacturers shipments, 2012 (\$1,000) (c)	D	305,598	D
Total retail sales, 2012 (\$1,000) (c)	73,213	45,686	27,265
Total retail sales per capita, 2012 (c)	\$7,153	\$6,015	\$3,584

## Transportation

Mean travel time to work (minutes), workers age 16 years+, 2015-2019	26.7	25.6	35.6
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## Income & Poverty

Median household income (in 2019 dollars), 2015-2019	\$43,577	\$56,838	\$38,382
Per capita income in past 12 months (in 2019 dollars), 2015-2019	\$25,606	\$29,974	\$20,447
Persons in poverty, percent	▲ 17.9%	▲ 13.0%	▲ 21.6%



## BUSINESSES

### Businesses

Total employer establishments, 2019	190	122	89
Total employment, 2019	2,616	2,228	743
Total annual payroll, 2019 (\$1,000)	103,406	113,443	34,659
Total employment, percent change, 2018-2019	-1.4%	11.8%	-16.5%
Total nonemployer establishments, 2018	615	269	416
All firms, 2012	818	434	561
Men-owned firms, 2012	334	277	297
Women-owned firms, 2012	406	124	244
Minority-owned firms, 2012	F	F	F
Nonminority-owned firms, 2012	762	402	541
Veteran-owned firms, 2012	37	45	91
Nonveteran-owned firms, 2012	734	362	456




## GEOGRAPHY


### Geography

Population per square mile, 2010	23.1	58.5	27.3
Land area in square miles, 2010	451.99	130.10	279.25
FIPS Code	54085	54073	54013



Value Notes

 Estimates are not comparable to other geographic levels due to methodology differences that may exist between different data sources.

Some estimates presented here come from sample data, and thus have sampling errors that may render some apparent differences between geographies statistically indistinguishable. Click the Quick Info  icon to the row in TABLE view to learn about sampling error.

The vintage year (e.g., V2019) refers to the final year of the series (2010 thru 2019). *Different vintage years of estimates are not comparable.*

Fact Notes

- (a) Includes persons reporting only one race
- (c) Economic Census - Puerto Rico data are not comparable to U.S. Economic Census data
- (b) Hispanics may be of any race, so also are included in applicable race categories

Value Flags

- Either no or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest or upper in open ended distribution.
- F Fewer than 25 firms
- D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of confidential information
- N Data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- FN Footnote on this item in place of data
- X Not applicable
- S Suppressed; does not meet publication standards
- NA Not available
- Z Value greater than zero but less than half unit of measure shown

QuickFacts data are derived from: Population Estimates, American Community Survey, Census of Population and Housing, Current Population Survey, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, Small Area Income and Expenses, State and County Housing Unit Estimates, County Business Patterns, Nonemployer Statistics, Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Building Permits.

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## QuickFacts

### Wood County, West Virginia; Wirt County, West Virginia; Tyler County, West Virginia; Roane County, West Virginia

QuickFacts provides statistics for all states and counties, and for cities and towns with a *population of 5,000 or more*.

Table

All Topics ▾	Wood County, West Virginia	Wirt County, West Virginia	Tyler County, West Virginia	Roane County, West Virginia
Population estimates, July 1, 2019, (V2019)	83,518	5,821	8,591	13,688
 PEOPLE				
<b>Population</b>				
Population estimates, July 1, 2019, (V2019)	83,518	5,821	8,591	13,688
Population estimates base, April 1, 2010, (V2019)	86,953	5,714	9,230	14,927
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 (estimates base) to July 1, 2019, (V2019)	-4.0%	1.9%	-6.9%	-8.3%
Population, Census, April 1, 2020	84,296	5,194	8,313	14,028
Population, Census, April 1, 2010	86,956	5,717	9,208	14,926
<b>Age and Sex</b>				
Persons under 5 years, percent	▲ 5.5%	▲ 4.6%	▲ 4.7%	▲ 4.5%
Persons under 18 years, percent	▲ 20.9%	▲ 21.3%	▲ 19.3%	▲ 20.3%
Persons 65 years and over, percent	▲ 20.9%	▲ 20.8%	▲ 23.4%	▲ 22.8%
Female persons, percent	▲ 51.5%	▲ 49.1%	▲ 49.6%	▲ 50.7%
<b>Race and Hispanic Origin</b>				
White alone, percent	▲ 96.2%	▲ 97.7%	▲ 97.7%	▲ 97.8%
Black or African American alone, percent (a)	▲ 1.2%	▲ 0.4%	▲ 0.3%	▲ 0.3%
American Indian and Alaska Native alone, percent (a)	▲ 0.2%	▲ 0.2%	▲ 0.3%	▲ 0.3%
Asian alone, percent (a)	▲ 0.6%	▲ 0.3%	▲ 0.5%	▲ 0.4%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone, percent (a)	▲ Z	▲ Z	▲ Z	▲ Z
Two or More Races, percent	▲ 1.7%	▲ 1.3%	▲ 1.1%	▲ 1.2%
Hispanic or Latino, percent (b)	▲ 1.2%	▲ 0.9%	▲ 0.8%	▲ 1.3%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino, percent	▲ 95.1%	▲ 96.9%	▲ 97.1%	▲ 96.7%
<b>Population Characteristics</b>				
Veterans, 2015-2019	6,414	487	626	1,093
Foreign born persons, percent, 2015-2019	1.2%	0.2%	0.9%	0.4%
<b>Housing</b>				
Housing units, July 1, 2019, (V2019)	40,283	3,336	5,036	7,435
Owner-occupied housing unit rate, 2015-2019	71.5%	83.7%	82.7%	79.3%
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2015-2019	\$124,200	\$95,800	\$96,300	\$98,900
Median selected monthly owner costs -with a mortgage, 2015-2019	\$969	\$784	\$888	\$838
Median selected monthly owner costs -without a mortgage, 2015-2019	\$329	\$269	\$289	\$258
Median gross rent, 2015-2019	\$713	\$454	\$664	\$510
Building permits, 2020	72	11	0	0
<b>Families &amp; Living Arrangements</b>				
Households, 2015-2019	35,488	2,505	3,207	5,562
Persons per household, 2015-2019	2.37	2.31	2.72	2.50
Living in same house 1 year ago, percent of persons age 1 year+, 2015-2019	88.6%	94.2%	94.2%	90.7%
Language other than English spoken at home, percent of persons age 5 years+, 2015-2019	1.8%	2.5%	1.6%	1.0%
<b>Computer and Internet Use</b>				
Households with a computer, percent, 2015-2019	86.5%	79.4%	77.1%	80.0%
Households with a broadband Internet subscription, percent, 2015-2019	80.0%	69.7%	69.8%	67.8%
<b>Education</b>				
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25 years+, 2015-2019	89.9%	82.9%	89.2%	79.1%
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25 years+, 2015-2019	21.9%	11.2%	14.1%	13.1%
<b>Health</b>				
With a disability, under age 65 years, percent, 2015-2019	14.5%	19.3%	13.1%	19.6%
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years, percent	▲ 7.3%	▲ 7.8%	▲ 6.9%	▲ 10.1%

**Economy**

In civilian labor force, total, percent of population age 16 years+, 2015-2019	54.3%	49.4%	45.3%	44.1%
In civilian labor force, female, percent of population age 16 years+, 2015-2019	50.9%	47.4%	40.6%	40.3%
Total accommodation and food services sales, 2012 (\$1,000) (c)	181,833	D	D	D
Total health care and social assistance receipts/revenue, 2012 (\$1,000) (c)	635,362	4,062	26,703	48,563
Total manufacturers shipments, 2012 (\$1,000) (c)	2,261,861	D	D	45,231
Total retail sales, 2012 (\$1,000) (c)	1,396,592	19,762	44,110	132,613
Total retail sales per capita, 2012 (c)	\$16,108	\$3,380	\$4,881	\$9,031

**Transportation**

Mean travel time to work (minutes), workers age 16 years+, 2015-2019	20.0	39.2	27.6	31.4
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**Income & Poverty**

Median household income (in 2019 dollars), 2015-2019	\$47,321	\$46,048	\$43,087	\$37,373
Per capita income in past 12 months (in 2019 dollars), 2015-2019	\$27,725	\$23,568	\$24,924	\$21,711
Persons in poverty, percent	▲ 14.1%	▲ 17.5%	▲ 15.4%	▲ 19.4%


**BUSINESSES****Businesses**


Total employer establishments, 2019	1,943	51	128	223
Total employment, 2019	29,749	273	1,354	2,191
Total annual payroll, 2019 (\$1,000)	1,085,080	8,119	88,358	80,973
Total employment, percent change, 2018-2019	-1.6%	7.1%	-1.7%	-7.3%
Total nonemployer establishments, 2018	3,914	259	376	699
All firms, 2012	6,122	402	451	1,267
Men-owned firms, 2012	3,479	218	172	715
Women-owned firms, 2012	1,995	174	246	337
Minority-owned firms, 2012	174	F	F	F
Nonminority-owned firms, 2012	5,610	391	431	1,212
Veteran-owned firms, 2012	770	98	36	206
Nonveteran-owned firms, 2012	4,858	296	397	981

**GEOGRAPHY****Geography**

Population per square mile, 2010	237.4	24.6	35.9	30.9
Land area in square miles, 2010	366.26	232.51	256.29	483.56
FIPS Code	54107	54105	54095	54087

Value Notes

 Estimates are not comparable to other geographic levels due to methodology differences that may exist between different data sources.

Some estimates presented here come from sample data, and thus have sampling errors that may render some apparent differences between geographies statistically indistinguishable. Click the Quick Info  icon to the row in TABLE view to learn about sampling error.

The vintage year (e.g., V2019) refers to the final year of the series (2010 thru 2019). *Different vintage years of estimates are not comparable.*

Fact Notes

- (a) Includes persons reporting only one race
- (c) Economic Census - Puerto Rico data are not comparable to U.S. Economic Census data
- (b) Hispanics may be of any race, so also are included in applicable race categories

Value Flags

- Either no or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest or upper in open ended distribution.
- F Fewer than 25 firms
- D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of confidential information
- N Data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- FN Footnote on this item in place of data
- X Not applicable
- S Suppressed; does not meet publication standards
- NA Not available
- Z Value greater than zero but less than half unit of measure shown

QuickFacts data are derived from: Population Estimates, American Community Survey, Census of Population and Housing, Current Population Survey, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, Small Area Income and Expenses, State and County Housing Unit Estimates, County Business Patterns, Nonemployer Statistics, Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Building Permits.

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The 2021 Rankings includes deaths through 2019. See our FAQs for information about when we anticipate the inclusion of deaths attributed to COVID-19.

## Calhoun (CH) 2021 Rankings

Download West Virginia Rankings Data

### County Demographics

	County	State
Population	7,109	1,792,147
% below 18 years of age	18.1%	20.1%
% 65 and older	25.6%	20.5%
% Non-Hispanic Black	0.4%	3.5%
% American Indian & Alaska Native	0.4%	0.3%
% Asian	0.2%	0.8%
% Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	0.0%	0.0%
% Hispanic	1.1%	1.7%
% Non-Hispanic White	96.9%	92.0%
% not proficient in English	0%	0%
% Females	49.9%	50.5%
% Rural	100.0%	51.3%

	County	Error Margin	Top U.S. Performers ^	West Virginia
<b>Health Outcomes</b>				
<b>Length of Life</b>				
Premature death	9,800	6,400-13,100	5,400	10,800
<b>Quality of Life</b>				
Poor or fair health **	27%	24-31%	14%	24%
Poor physical health days **	6.0	5.4-6.5	3.4	5.3
Poor mental health days **	6.3	5.8-6.8	3.8	5.8
Low birthweight	10%	8-13%	6%	9%
<b>Additional Health Outcomes (not included in overall ranking)</b>				
Life expectancy	75.9	73.3-78.4	81.1	74.8
Premature age-adjusted mortality	410	330-490	280	500
Child mortality			40	60
Infant mortality			4	7
Frequent physical distress **	18%	17-20%	10%	17%
Frequent mental distress **	21%	19-23%	12%	20%
Diabetes prevalence	15%	9-22%	8%	15%
HIV prevalence			50	122
<b>Health Factors</b>				
<b>Health Behaviors</b>				
Adult smoking **	29%	25-33%	16%	27%
Adult obesity	30%	22-39%	26%	38%
Food environment index	6.7		8.7	6.9
Physical inactivity	24%	17-33%	19%	28%
Access to exercise opportunities	1%		91%	59%
Excessive drinking **	15%	14-16%	15%	14%

Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	20%	2-48%	11%	25%
Sexually transmitted infections	95.8		161.2	198.2
Teen births	34	25-45	12	31

**Additional Health Behaviors (not included in overall ranking)**

Food insecurity	17%		9%	14%
Limited access to healthy foods	8%		2%	7%
Drug overdose deaths			11	50
Motor vehicle crash deaths	21	11-38	9	16
Insufficient sleep **	44%	42-46%	32%	43%

**Clinical Care**

Uninsured	9%	7-10%	6%	8%
Primary care physicians	2,420:1		1,030:1	1,280:1
Dentists	2,370:1		1,210:1	1,760:1
Mental health providers	2,370:1		270:1	730:1
Preventable hospital stays	6,303		2,565	5,748
Mammography screening	39%		51%	39%
Flu vaccinations	27%		55%	42%

**Additional Clinical Care (not included in overall ranking)**

Uninsured adults	10%	8-12%	7%	9%
Uninsured children	4%	3-6%	3%	3%
Other primary care providers	650:1		620:1	620:1

**Social & Economic Factors**

High school completion	81%	76-85%	94%	87%
Some college	41%	28-54%	73%	56%
Unemployment	13.0%		2.6%	4.9%
Children in poverty	25%	15-35%	10%	21%
Income inequality	4.6	3.8-5.5	3.7	5.0
Children in single-parent households	12%	1-23%	14%	25%
Social associations	4.1		18.2	13.0
Violent crime	219		63	330
Injury deaths	115	83-156	59	124

**Additional Social & Economic Factors (not included in overall ranking)**

High school graduation	93%		95%	90%
Disconnected youth			4%	9%
Reading scores	3.3		3.3	2.9
Math scores	3.0		3.4	2.8
Median household income	\$37,300	\$31,800-42,900	\$72,900	\$48,700
Children eligible for free or reduced price lunch	50%		32%	50%
Residential segregation - Black/White			23	60
Residential segregation - non-white/white			14	48
Homicides			2	5
Suicides			11	19
Firearm fatalities			8	18
Juvenile arrests				13

**Physical Environment**

Air pollution - particulate matter	7.7		5.2	7.8
Drinking water violations	Yes			
Severe housing problems	7%	4-10%	9%	11%
Driving alone to work	79%	68-90%	72%	82%
Long commute - driving alone	48%	35-62%	16%	33%

**Additional Physical Environment (not included in overall ranking)**

Traffic volume	0			203
Homeownership	79%	72-86%	81%	73%
Severe housing cost burden	5%	1-9%	7%	10%
Broadband access	69%	64-74%	86%	76%

^ 10th/90th percentile, i.e., only 10% are better.

\*\* Data should not be compared with prior years

Note: Blank values reflect unreliable or missing data



The 2021 Rankings includes deaths through 2019. See our FAQs for information about when we anticipate the inclusion of deaths attributed to COVID-19.

## Pleasants (PL) 2021 Rankings

Download West Virginia Rankings Data

### County Demographics

	County	State
Population	7,460	1,792,147
% below 18 years of age	18.5%	20.1%
% 65 and older	19.6%	20.5%
% Non-Hispanic Black	1.6%	3.5%
% American Indian & Alaska Native	0.3%	0.3%
% Asian	0.2%	0.8%
% Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	0.0%	0.0%
% Hispanic	0.9%	1.7%
% Non-Hispanic White	95.6%	92.0%
% not proficient in English	0%	0%
% Females	45.8%	50.5%
% Rural	54.5%	51.3%

	County	Error Margin	Top U.S. Performers ^	West Virginia
<b>Health Outcomes</b>				
<b>Length of Life</b>				
Premature death	6,800	4,800-8,800	5,400	10,800
<b>Quality of Life</b>				
Poor or fair health **	24%	21-27%	14%	24%
Poor physical health days **	5.3	4.9-5.8	3.4	5.3
Poor mental health days **	5.9	5.4-6.3	3.8	5.8
Low birthweight	7%	5-9%	6%	9%
<b>Additional Health Outcomes (not included in overall ranking)</b>				
Life expectancy	76.5	74.9-78.1	81.1	74.8
Premature age-adjusted mortality	410	340-490	280	500
Child mortality			40	60
Infant mortality			4	7
Frequent physical distress **	16%	15-18%	10%	17%
Frequent mental distress **	19%	17-20%	12%	20%
Diabetes prevalence	15%	9-22%	8%	15%
HIV prevalence	153		50	122
<b>Health Factors</b>				
<b>Health Behaviors</b>				
Adult smoking **	27%	23-30%	16%	27%
Adult obesity	31%	22-41%	26%	38%
Food environment index	8.0		8.7	6.9
Physical inactivity	23%	16-31%	19%	28%
Access to exercise opportunities	66%		91%	59%
Excessive drinking **	15%	14-16%	15%	14%

Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	0%	0-36%	11%	25%
Sexually transmitted infections	159.7		161.2	198.2
Teen births	38	29-50	12	31

**Additional Health Behaviors (not included in overall ranking)**

Food insecurity	13%		9%	14%
Limited access to healthy foods	3%		2%	7%
Drug overdose deaths			11	50
Motor vehicle crash deaths			9	16
Insufficient sleep **	44%	43-46%	32%	43%

**Clinical Care**

Uninsured	6%	5-7%	6%	8%
Primary care physicians	7,510:1		1,030:1	1,280:1
Dentists	1,870:1		1,210:1	1,760:1
Mental health providers	1,490:1		270:1	730:1
Preventable hospital stays	9,119		2,565	5,748
Mammography screening	39%		51%	39%
Flu vaccinations	45%		55%	42%

**Additional Clinical Care (not included in overall ranking)**

Uninsured adults	7%	5-8%	7%	9%
Uninsured children	3%	2-3%	3%	3%
Other primary care providers	7,460:1		620:1	620:1

**Social & Economic Factors**

High school completion	89%	86-92%	94%	87%
Some college	44%	34-54%	73%	56%
Unemployment	6.8%		2.6%	4.9%
Children in poverty	15%	9-22%	10%	21%
Income inequality	4.3	3.5-5.0	3.7	5.0
Children in single-parent households	12%	5-18%	14%	25%
Social associations	14.7		18.2	13.0
Violent crime	135		63	330
Injury deaths	82	56-117	59	124

**Additional Social & Economic Factors (not included in overall ranking)**

High school graduation	93%		95%	90%
Disconnected youth			4%	9%
Reading scores	3.1		3.3	2.9
Math scores	3.2		3.4	2.8
Median household income	\$55,000	\$47,300-62,600	\$72,900	\$48,700
Children eligible for free or reduced price lunch	40%		32%	50%
Residential segregation - Black/White			23	60
Residential segregation - non-white/white	40		14	48
Homicides			2	5
Suicides			11	19
Firearm fatalities			8	18
Juvenile arrests	20			13

**Physical Environment**

Air pollution - particulate matter	8.1		5.2	7.8
Drinking water violations	No			
Severe housing problems	10%	7-13%	9%	11%
Driving alone to work	90%	85-94%	72%	82%
Long commute - driving alone	42%	33-50%	16%	33%

**Additional Physical Environment (not included in overall ranking)**

Traffic volume	189			203
Homeownership	83%	79-86%	81%	73%
Severe housing cost burden	6%	2-10%	7%	10%
Broadband access	76%	72-81%	86%	76%

^ 10th/90th percentile, i.e., only 10% are better.

\*\* Data should not be compared with prior years

Note: Blank values reflect unreliable or missing data





The 2021 Rankings includes deaths through 2019. See our FAQs for information about when we anticipate the inclusion of deaths attributed to COVID-19.

## Ritchie (RI) 2021 Rankings

Download West Virginia Rankings Data

### County Demographics

	County	State
Population	9,554	1,792,147
% below 18 years of age	19.6%	20.1%
% 65 and older	23.0%	20.5%
% Non-Hispanic Black	0.5%	3.5%
% American Indian & Alaska Native	0.2%	0.3%
% Asian	0.2%	0.8%
% Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	0.0%	0.0%
% Hispanic	0.9%	1.7%
% Non-Hispanic White	97.3%	92.0%
% not proficient in English	0%	0%
% Females	50.1%	50.5%
% Rural	100.0%	51.3%

	County	Error Margin	Top U.S. Performers ^	West Virginia
<b>Health Outcomes</b>				
<b>Length of Life</b>				
Premature death	8,600	6,400-10,700	5,400	10,800
<b>Quality of Life</b>				
Poor or fair health **	25%	22-28%	14%	24%
Poor physical health days **	5.6	5.1-6.1	3.4	5.3
Poor mental health days **	6.2	5.7-6.7	3.8	5.8
Low birthweight	8%	6-10%	6%	9%
<b>Additional Health Outcomes (not included in overall ranking)</b>				
Life expectancy	76.9	75.1-78.7	81.1	74.8
Premature age-adjusted mortality	420	350-490	280	500
Child mortality			40	60
Infant mortality			4	7
Frequent physical distress **	17%	15-19%	10%	17%
Frequent mental distress **	20%	18-22%	12%	20%
Diabetes prevalence	14%	9-22%	8%	15%
HIV prevalence	96		50	122
<b>Health Factors</b>				
<b>Health Behaviors</b>				
Adult smoking **	28%	24-31%	16%	27%
Adult obesity	44%	35-53%	26%	38%
Food environment index	7.8		8.7	6.9
Physical inactivity	26%	19-33%	19%	28%
Access to exercise opportunities	36%		91%	59%
Excessive drinking **	15%	14-16%	15%	14%

Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	36%	20-52%	11%	25%
Sexually transmitted infections	92.1		161.2	198.2
Teen births	36	28-46	12	31

**Additional Health Behaviors (not included in overall ranking)**

Food insecurity	13%		9%	14%
Limited access to healthy foods	5%		2%	7%
Drug overdose deaths			11	50
Motor vehicle crash deaths	23	13-38	9	16
Insufficient sleep **	44%	42-45%	32%	43%

**Clinical Care**

Uninsured	9%	7-10%	6%	8%
Primary care physicians	4,860:1		1,030:1	1,280:1
Dentists	9,550:1		1,210:1	1,760:1
Mental health providers	2,390:1		270:1	730:1
Preventable hospital stays	6,422		2,565	5,748
Mammography screening	36%		51%	39%
Flu vaccinations	37%		55%	42%

**Additional Clinical Care (not included in overall ranking)**

Uninsured adults	11%	9-12%	7%	9%
Uninsured children	4%	3-6%	3%	3%
Other primary care providers	1,190:1		620:1	620:1

**Social & Economic Factors**

High school completion	85%	81-88%	94%	87%
Some college	37%	29-45%	73%	56%
Unemployment	5.7%		2.6%	4.9%
Children in poverty	26%	17-35%	10%	21%
Income inequality	4.2	3.2-5.1	3.7	5.0
Children in single-parent households	23%	13-32%	14%	25%
Social associations	10.3		18.2	13.0
Violent crime	83		63	330
Injury deaths	110	83-144	59	124

**Additional Social & Economic Factors (not included in overall ranking)**

High school graduation	93%		95%	90%
Disconnected youth			4%	9%
Reading scores	2.9		3.3	2.9
Math scores	3.0		3.4	2.8
Median household income	\$46,100	\$40,200-52,100	\$72,900	\$48,700
Children eligible for free or reduced price lunch	54%		32%	50%
Residential segregation - Black/White			23	60
Residential segregation - non-white/white	29		14	48
Homicides			2	5
Suicides	25	13-45	11	19
Firearm fatalities	29	16-48	8	18
Juvenile arrests				13

**Physical Environment**

Air pollution - particulate matter	7.8		5.2	7.8
Drinking water violations	Yes			
Severe housing problems	7%	4-10%	9%	11%
Driving alone to work	85%	81-90%	72%	82%
Long commute - driving alone	40%	34-46%	16%	33%

**Additional Physical Environment (not included in overall ranking)**

Traffic volume	16			203
Homeownership	80%	79-81%	81%	73%
Severe housing cost burden	6%	3-9%	7%	10%
Broadband access	71%	67-75%	86%	76%

^ 10th/90th percentile, i.e., only 10% are better.

\*\* Data should not be compared with prior years

Note: Blank values reflect unreliable or missing data



The 2021 Rankings includes deaths through 2019. See our FAQs for information about when we anticipate the inclusion of deaths attributed to COVID-19.

## Roane (RO) 2021 Rankings

Download West Virginia Rankings Data

### County Demographics

	County	State
Population	13,688	1,792,147
% below 18 years of age	20.3%	20.1%
% 65 and older	22.8%	20.5%
% Non-Hispanic Black	0.3%	3.5%
% American Indian & Alaska Native	0.3%	0.3%
% Asian	0.4%	0.8%
% Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	0.0%	0.0%
% Hispanic	1.3%	1.7%
% Non-Hispanic White	96.7%	92.0%
% not proficient in English	0%	0%
% Females	50.7%	50.5%
% Rural	80.0%	51.3%

	County	Error Margin	Top U.S. Performers ^	West Virginia
<b>Health Outcomes</b>				
<b>Length of Life</b>				
Premature death	13,500	11,000-15,900	5,400	10,800
<b>Quality of Life</b>				
Poor or fair health **	29%	25-33%	14%	24%
Poor physical health days **	6.3	5.7-6.9	3.4	5.3
Poor mental health days **	6.4	5.9-7.0	3.8	5.8
Low birthweight	10%	8-12%	6%	9%
<b>Additional Health Outcomes (not included in overall ranking)</b>				
Life expectancy	72.5	70.7-74.2	81.1	74.8
Premature age-adjusted mortality	600	530-670	280	500
Child mortality	100	50-180	40	60
Infant mortality			4	7
Frequent physical distress **	19%	17-21%	10%	17%
Frequent mental distress **	21%	19-23%	12%	20%
Diabetes prevalence	15%	10-19%	8%	15%
HIV prevalence			50	122
<b>Health Factors</b>				
<b>Health Behaviors</b>				
Adult smoking **	30%	26-34%	16%	27%
Adult obesity	41%	34-49%	26%	38%
Food environment index	6.7		8.7	6.9
Physical inactivity	25%	20-32%	19%	28%
Access to exercise opportunities	48%		91%	59%
Excessive drinking **	14%	13-15%	15%	14%

Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	22%	10-36%	11%	25%
Sexually transmitted infections	64.1		161.2	198.2
Teen births	41	34-49	12	31

**Additional Health Behaviors (not included in overall ranking)**

Food insecurity	17%		9%	14%
Limited access to healthy foods	8%		2%	7%
Drug overdose deaths			11	50
Motor vehicle crash deaths	19	11-30	9	16
Insufficient sleep **	45%	43-47%	32%	43%

**Clinical Care**

Uninsured	9%	8-11%	6%	8%
Primary care physicians	1,990:1		1,030:1	1,280:1
Dentists	3,420:1		1,210:1	1,760:1
Mental health providers	1,370:1		270:1	730:1
Preventable hospital stays	2,655		2,565	5,748
Mammography screening	37%		51%	39%
Flu vaccinations	27%		55%	42%

**Additional Clinical Care (not included in overall ranking)**

Uninsured adults	11%	9-13%	7%	9%
Uninsured children	4%	3-6%	3%	3%
Other primary care providers	1,140:1		620:1	620:1

**Social & Economic Factors**

High school completion	79%	76-83%	94%	87%
Some college	49%	40-58%	73%	56%
Unemployment	9.5%		2.6%	4.9%
Children in poverty	27%	16-37%	10%	21%
Income inequality	4.7	4.0-5.3	3.7	5.0
Children in single-parent households	17%	10-25%	14%	25%
Social associations	5.0		18.2	13.0
Violent crime	264		63	330
Injury deaths	134	108-164	59	124

**Additional Social & Economic Factors (not included in overall ranking)**

High school graduation	88%		95%	90%
Disconnected youth			4%	9%
Reading scores	2.7		3.3	2.9
Math scores	2.6		3.4	2.8
Median household income	\$41,700	\$36,200-47,200	\$72,900	\$48,700
Children eligible for free or reduced price lunch	53%		32%	50%
Residential segregation - Black/White			23	60
Residential segregation - non-white/white	29		14	48
Homicides			2	5
Suicides	25	14-41	11	19
Firearm fatalities	31	20-47	8	18
Juvenile arrests	8			13

**Physical Environment**

Air pollution - particulate matter	8.0		5.2	7.8
Drinking water violations	Yes			
Severe housing problems	9%	6-12%	9%	11%
Driving alone to work	76%	70-81%	72%	82%
Long commute - driving alone	41%	34-47%	16%	33%

**Additional Physical Environment (not included in overall ranking)**

Traffic volume	3			203
Homeownership	79%	77-82%	81%	73%
Severe housing cost burden	9%	6-12%	7%	10%
Broadband access	68%	64-72%	86%	76%

^ 10th/90th percentile, i.e., only 10% are better.

\*\* Data should not be compared with prior years

Note: Blank values reflect unreliable or missing data



The 2021 Rankings includes deaths through 2019. See our FAQs for information about when we anticipate the inclusion of deaths attributed to COVID-19.

## Tyler (TY) 2021 Rankings

Download West Virginia Rankings Data

### County Demographics

	County	State
Population	8,591	1,792,147
% below 18 years of age	19.3%	20.1%
% 65 and older	23.4%	20.5%
% Non-Hispanic Black	0.3%	3.5%
% American Indian & Alaska Native	0.3%	0.3%
% Asian	0.5%	0.8%
% Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	0.0%	0.0%
% Hispanic	0.8%	1.7%
% Non-Hispanic White	97.1%	92.0%
% not proficient in English	0%	0%
% Females	49.6%	50.5%
% Rural	91.1%	51.3%

	County	Error Margin	Top U.S. Performers ^	West Virginia
<b>Health Outcomes</b>				
<b>Length of Life</b>				
Premature death	9,900	7,300-12,500	5,400	10,800
<b>Quality of Life</b>				
Poor or fair health **	23%	20-26%	14%	24%
Poor physical health days **	5.2	4.7-5.7	3.4	5.3
Poor mental health days **	5.8	5.3-6.2	3.8	5.8
Low birthweight	10%	7-12%	6%	9%
<b>Additional Health Outcomes (not included in overall ranking)</b>				
Life expectancy	76.3	74.2-78.4	81.1	74.8
Premature age-adjusted mortality	450	370-520	280	500
Child mortality			40	60
Infant mortality			4	7
Frequent physical distress **	16%	14-17%	10%	17%
Frequent mental distress **	19%	17-20%	12%	20%
Diabetes prevalence	14%	9-20%	8%	15%
HIV prevalence	80		50	122
<b>Health Factors</b>				
<b>Health Behaviors</b>				
Adult smoking **	26%	23-30%	16%	27%
Adult obesity	35%	25-45%	26%	38%
Food environment index	7.8		8.7	6.9
Physical inactivity	28%	20-36%	19%	28%
Access to exercise opportunities	79%		91%	59%
Excessive drinking **	15%	14-16%	15%	14%

Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	33%	18-49%	11%	25%
Sexually transmitted infections	147.8		161.2	198.2
Teen births	29	22-39	12	31

**Additional Health Behaviors (not included in overall ranking)**

Food insecurity	13%		9%	14%
Limited access to healthy foods	4%		2%	7%
Drug overdose deaths			11	50
Motor vehicle crash deaths	21	11-36	9	16
Insufficient sleep **	42%	41-44%	32%	43%

**Clinical Care**

Uninsured	6%	5-8%	6%	8%
Primary care physicians	2,190:1		1,030:1	1,280:1
Dentists	8,590:1		1,210:1	1,760:1
Mental health providers	4,300:1		270:1	730:1
Preventable hospital stays	6,225		2,565	5,748
Mammography screening	45%		51%	39%
Flu vaccinations	36%		55%	42%

**Additional Clinical Care (not included in overall ranking)**

Uninsured adults	8%	6-9%	7%	9%
Uninsured children	3%	2-4%	3%	3%
Other primary care providers	4,300:1		620:1	620:1

**Social & Economic Factors**

High school completion	89%	86-92%	94%	87%
Some college	47%	37-57%	73%	56%
Unemployment	7.8%		2.6%	4.9%
Children in poverty	21%	13-29%	10%	21%
Income inequality	4.9	3.5-6.2	3.7	5.0
Children in single-parent households	20%	11-28%	14%	25%
Social associations	16.0		18.2	13.0
Violent crime	229		63	330
Injury deaths	120	90-157	59	124

**Additional Social & Economic Factors (not included in overall ranking)**

High school graduation	98%		95%	90%
Disconnected youth			4%	9%
Reading scores	2.8		3.3	2.9
Math scores	2.8		3.4	2.8
Median household income	\$48,300	\$43,900-52,800	\$72,900	\$48,700
Children eligible for free or reduced price lunch	44%		32%	50%
Residential segregation - Black/White			23	60
Residential segregation - non-white/white			14	48
Homicides			2	5
Suicides			11	19
Firearm fatalities			8	18
Juvenile arrests				13

**Physical Environment**

Air pollution - particulate matter	7.9		5.2	7.8
Drinking water violations	Yes			
Severe housing problems	9%	6-12%	9%	11%
Driving alone to work	85%	80-90%	72%	82%
Long commute - driving alone	50%	40-59%	16%	33%

**Additional Physical Environment (not included in overall ranking)**

Traffic volume	77			203
Homeownership	83%	79-86%	81%	73%
Severe housing cost burden	7%	4-11%	7%	10%
Broadband access	70%	65-74%	86%	76%

^ 10th/90th percentile, i.e., only 10% are better.

\*\* Data should not be compared with prior years

Note: Blank values reflect unreliable or missing data



The 2021 Rankings includes deaths through 2019. See our FAQs for information about when we anticipate the inclusion of deaths attributed to COVID-19.

## Wirt (WI) 2021 Rankings

Download West Virginia Rankings Data

### County Demographics

	County	State
Population	5,821	1,792,147
% below 18 years of age	21.3%	20.1%
% 65 and older	20.8%	20.5%
% Non-Hispanic Black	0.4%	3.5%
% American Indian & Alaska Native	0.2%	0.3%
% Asian	0.3%	0.8%
% Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	0.0%	0.0%
% Hispanic	0.9%	1.7%
% Non-Hispanic White	96.9%	92.0%
% not proficient in English	0%	0%
% Females	49.1%	50.5%
% Rural	100.0%	51.3%

	County	Error Margin	Top U.S. Performers ^	West Virginia
<b>Health Outcomes</b>				
<b>Length of Life</b>				
Premature death	9,400	6,500-13,200	5,400	10,800
<b>Quality of Life</b>				
Poor or fair health **	27%	24-31%	14%	24%
Poor physical health days **	6.0	5.4-6.5	3.4	5.3
Poor mental health days **	6.4	5.9-6.9	3.8	5.8
Low birthweight	10%	7-13%	6%	9%
<b>Additional Health Outcomes (not included in overall ranking)</b>				
Life expectancy	76.9	74.4-79.5	81.1	74.8
Premature age-adjusted mortality	410	320-510	280	500
Child mortality			40	60
Infant mortality			4	7
Frequent physical distress **	19%	17-20%	10%	17%
Frequent mental distress **	21%	19-23%	12%	20%
Diabetes prevalence	15%	9-22%	8%	15%
HIV prevalence			50	122
<b>Health Factors</b>				
<b>Health Behaviors</b>				
Adult smoking **	29%	25-33%	16%	27%
Adult obesity	35%	26-45%	26%	38%
Food environment index	7.8		8.7	6.9
Physical inactivity	26%	19-35%	19%	28%
Access to exercise opportunities	45%		91%	59%
Excessive drinking **	14%	13-15%	15%	14%

Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	20%	2-48%	11%	25%
Sexually transmitted infections			161.2	198.2
Teen births	31	21-43	12	31

**Additional Health Behaviors (not included in overall ranking)**

Food insecurity	15%		9%	14%
Limited access to healthy foods	0%		2%	7%
Drug overdose deaths			11	50
Motor vehicle crash deaths			9	16
Insufficient sleep **	45%	43-47%	32%	43%

**Clinical Care**

Uninsured	8%	6-9%	6%	8%
Primary care physicians	5,830:1		1,030:1	1,280:1
Dentists	5,820:1		1,210:1	1,760:1
Mental health providers	1,460:1		270:1	730:1
Preventable hospital stays	4,086		2,565	5,748
Mammography screening	33%		51%	39%
Flu vaccinations	39%		55%	42%

**Additional Clinical Care (not included in overall ranking)**

Uninsured adults	9%	7-11%	7%	9%
Uninsured children	4%	2-5%	3%	3%
Other primary care providers	730:1		620:1	620:1

**Social & Economic Factors**

High school completion	83%	78-88%	94%	87%
Some college	52%		73%	56%
Unemployment	7.9%		2.6%	4.9%
Children in poverty	25%	15-34%	10%	21%
Income inequality	3.8	2.3-5.3	3.7	5.0
Children in single-parent households	17%	6-29%	14%	25%
Social associations	5.1		18.2	13.0
Violent crime	246		63	330
Injury deaths	72	45-110	59	124

**Additional Social & Economic Factors (not included in overall ranking)**

High school graduation	88%		95%	90%
Disconnected youth			4%	9%
Reading scores	2.7		3.3	2.9
Math scores	2.7		3.4	2.8
Median household income	\$48,600	\$41,800-55,500	\$72,900	\$48,700
Children eligible for free or reduced price lunch	52%		32%	50%
Residential segregation - Black/White			23	60
Residential segregation - non-white/white			14	48
Homicides			2	5
Suicides			11	19
Firearm fatalities			8	18
Juvenile arrests	12			13

**Physical Environment**

Air pollution - particulate matter	7.9		5.2	7.8
Drinking water violations	No			
Severe housing problems	8%	4-12%	9%	11%
Driving alone to work	85%	77-93%	72%	82%
Long commute - driving alone	69%	56-83%	16%	33%

**Additional Physical Environment (not included in overall ranking)**

Traffic volume	0			203
Homeownership	84%	79-88%	81%	73%
Severe housing cost burden	5%	1-9%	7%	10%
Broadband access	70%	64-76%	86%	76%

^ 10th/90th percentile, i.e., only 10% are better.

\*\* Data should not be compared with prior years

Note: Blank values reflect unreliable or missing data





The 2021 Rankings includes deaths through 2019. See our FAQs for information about when we anticipate the inclusion of deaths attributed to COVID-19.

## Wood (WO) 2021 Rankings

Download West Virginia Rankings Data

### County Demographics

	County	State
Population	83,518	1,792,147
% below 18 years of age	20.9%	20.1%
% 65 and older	20.9%	20.5%
% Non-Hispanic Black	1.2%	3.5%
% American Indian & Alaska Native	0.2%	0.3%
% Asian	0.6%	0.8%
% Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	0.0%	0.0%
% Hispanic	1.2%	1.7%
% Non-Hispanic White	95.1%	92.0%
% not proficient in English	0%	0%
% Females	51.5%	50.5%
% Rural	26.8%	51.3%

	County	Error Margin	Top U.S. Performers ^	West Virginia
<b>Health Outcomes</b>				
<b>Length of Life</b>				
Premature death	10,100	9,300-10,900	5,400	10,800
<b>Quality of Life</b>				
Poor or fair health **	23%	20-26%	14%	24%
Poor physical health days **	5.2	4.7-5.7	3.4	5.3
Poor mental health days **	5.7	5.2-6.2	3.8	5.8
Low birthweight	9%	9-10%	6%	9%
<b>Additional Health Outcomes (not included in overall ranking)</b>				
Life expectancy	75.2	74.6-75.8	81.1	74.8
Premature age-adjusted mortality	480	460-510	280	500
Child mortality	50	40-70	40	60
Infant mortality	8	6-10	4	7
Frequent physical distress **	16%	14-17%	10%	17%
Frequent mental distress **	18%	16-20%	12%	20%
Diabetes prevalence	18%	16-20%	8%	15%
HIV prevalence	84		50	122
<b>Health Factors</b>				
<b>Health Behaviors</b>				
Adult smoking **	25%	21-29%	16%	27%
Adult obesity	40%	37-43%	26%	38%
Food environment index	7.6		8.7	6.9
Physical inactivity	31%	28-34%	19%	28%
Access to exercise opportunities	68%		91%	59%
Excessive drinking **	15%	14-16%	15%	14%

Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	26%	17-34%	11%	25%
Sexually transmitted infections	189.2		161.2	198.2
Teen births	38	35-41	12	31

**Additional Health Behaviors (not included in overall ranking)**

Food insecurity	13%		9%	14%
Limited access to healthy foods	7%		2%	7%
Drug overdose deaths	33	27-41	11	50
Motor vehicle crash deaths	12	9-15	9	16
Insufficient sleep **	41%	39-43%	32%	43%

**Clinical Care**

Uninsured	7%	6-8%	6%	8%
Primary care physicians	1,170:1		1,030:1	1,280:1
Dentists	1,580:1		1,210:1	1,760:1
Mental health providers	690:1		270:1	730:1
Preventable hospital stays	6,330		2,565	5,748
Mammography screening	47%		51%	39%
Flu vaccinations	49%		55%	42%

**Additional Clinical Care (not included in overall ranking)**

Uninsured adults	9%	7-10%	7%	9%
Uninsured children	3%	2-4%	3%	3%
Other primary care providers	720:1		620:1	620:1

**Social & Economic Factors**

High school completion	90%	89-91%	94%	87%
Some college	63%	58-67%	73%	56%
Unemployment	5.1%		2.6%	4.9%
Children in poverty	19%	12-26%	10%	21%
Income inequality	5.0	4.6-5.4	3.7	5.0
Children in single-parent households	23%	19-27%	14%	25%
Social associations	17.9		18.2	13.0
Violent crime	300		63	330
Injury deaths	103	93-112	59	124

**Additional Social & Economic Factors (not included in overall ranking)**

High school graduation	89%		95%	90%
Disconnected youth	10%	6-14%	4%	9%
Reading scores	3.1		3.3	2.9
Math scores	2.9		3.4	2.8
Median household income	\$49,200	\$43,900-54,500	\$72,900	\$48,700
Children eligible for free or reduced price lunch	48%		32%	50%
Residential segregation - Black/White	65		23	60
Residential segregation - non-white/white	37		14	48
Homicides	5	3-7	2	5
Suicides	19	15-24	11	19
Firearm fatalities	13	10-17	8	18
Juvenile arrests	12			13

**Physical Environment**

Air pollution - particulate matter	7.9		5.2	7.8
Drinking water violations	Yes			
Severe housing problems	10%	9-11%	9%	11%
Driving alone to work	82%	81-84%	72%	82%
Long commute - driving alone	20%	18-22%	16%	33%

**Additional Physical Environment (not included in overall ranking)**

Traffic volume	226			203
Homeownership	71%	70-73%	81%	73%
Severe housing cost burden	10%	9-11%	7%	10%
Broadband access	80%	78-82%	86%	76%

^ 10th/90th percentile, i.e., only 10% are better.

\*\* Data should not be compared with prior years

Note: Blank values reflect unreliable or missing data

Thank you for taking this Community Health Survey - your thoughts are important to us and will benefit the people who live in your County. Survey results will be used to help guide Camden Clark Medical Center's health programs and address community members' health concerns.

**This survey is anonymous - your answers will not be connected to you in any way.**

Thank you for your time and please contact us if you have any questions or need help completing this survey. If you have recently completed this survey, there is no need to do so again. Please feel free to share this link with other members of your community. - Emily Sarkees, WVU School of Public Health, [edillama@hsc.wvu.edu](mailto:edillama@hsc.wvu.edu)

(1.) In which county do you currently live?

- ☐ Calhoun
- ☐ Pleasants
- ☐ Ritchie
- ☐ Roane
- ☐ Tyler
- ☐ Wirt
- ☐ Wood
- ☐ Somewhere else (If "somewhere else", there is no need for you to continue with this survey. Thank you for your time!)

(2.) What is your age?

- ☐ Less than 18 years (If under the age of 18, there is no need for you to continue with this survey. Thank you for your time!)
- ☐ 18 to 24
- ☐ 25 to 29
- ☐ 30 to 34
- ☐ 35 to 39
- ☐ 40 to 44
- ☐ 45 to 49
- ☐ 50 to 54
- ☐ 55 to 59
- ☐ 60 to 64
- ☐ 65 to 69
- ☐ 70 to 74
- ☐ 75 to 79
- ☐ 80 years or more

(3.) How would you rate your county as a “healthy community”?

- ☐ Very Unhealthy
- ☐ Unhealthy
- ☐ Somewhat Unhealthy
- ☐ Somewhat Healthy
- ☐ Healthy
- ☐ Very Healthy

(4.) What do you think is the most important health problem or issue where you live?

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(5.) From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? **Please choose ONLY 3.**

- ☐ Aging problems
- ☐ Anxiety
- ☐ Cancers
- ☐ Chronic disease
- ☐ COVID-19
- ☐ Dental problems
- ☐ Diabetes (“sugar”)
- ☐ Depression/hopelessness
- ☐ Drug and/or alcohol use
- ☐ Heart problems
- ☐ High blood pressure
- ☐ HIV/AIDS
- ☐ Maternal health issues
- ☐ Mental health problems
- ☐ Obesity – adult
- ☐ Obesity – childhood
- ☐ Poor personal hygiene
- ☐ Respiratory/lung disease/asthma
- ☐ Sexually transmitted diseases
- ☐ Suicide
- ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

(6.) From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? **Please choose ONLY 3.**

- ☐ Chronic loneliness or isolation
- ☐ Cost of health care and/or medications
- ☐ Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.
- ☐ Homelessness
- ☐ Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage
- ☐ Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food
- ☐ Limited access to public transportation
- ☐ Limited child care and preschool programs

(question 6 continued)

- ☐ Limited job opportunities
- ☐ Limited organized activities for children and teens
- ☐ Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids
- ☐ Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.
- ☐ Limited social services programs
- ☐ Low quality housing
- ☐ Poor air quality
- ☐ Poor water quality
- ☐ Poverty
- ☐ Unsafe neighborhoods
- ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

(7.) From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? **Please choose ONLY 3.**

- ☐ Alcohol use
- ☐ ATV crashes
- ☐ Child abuse and neglect
- ☐ Crime – petty
- ☐ Crime – violent
- ☐ Distracted driving (cellphone use)
- ☐ Domestic violence
- ☐ Drug use
- ☐ Gambling
- ☐ Gun-related injuries
- ☐ Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)
- ☐ Lack of exercise
- ☐ Not getting recommended immunizations
- ☐ Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats
- ☐ Overeating
- ☐ Sexual assault/rape
- ☐ Tobacco – smoking
- ☐ Tobacco – chewing
- ☐ Unhealthy eating choices
- ☐ Unprotected sex
- ☐ Vaping
- ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

(8.) Can you think of something that would help improve the health of your community?

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(9.) Please tell us how much you **agree or disagree** with the following statements.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neither agree nor disagree	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
My community is a safe place to live.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
We have safe places to walk, bike, or play outside.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I know and trust my neighbors.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I visit or talk to friends, family, or loved ones regularly.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
People I meet are generally friendly and helpful.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I have the transportation I need to get where I want to go.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Schools provide a healthy environment and activities.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
There are good jobs in my community.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I can afford to live in my community.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I feel safe at work.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

(10.) Do you see a doctor on a regular basis for check-ups, screenings, or other preventive medicine?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No (If no, why not? ) \_\_\_\_\_

(11.) How do you pay for healthcare? Please check all that apply.

- ☐ I pay cash
- ☐ I have private health insurance through my employer, union, family member, or a plan I pay for myself
- ☐ Medicaid
- ☐ Medicare
- ☐ Veterans Administration
- ☐ Indian Health Services
- ☐ Other (please specify) \_\_\_\_\_

(12.) What medical services or specialties would you like to see offered in your area?

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(13.) How would you describe your health?

- ☐ Very poor
- ☐ Poor
- ☐ Fair
- ☐ Good
- ☐ Excellent

(14.) Please tell us your level of agreement with each of these statements about your county.

	Strongly disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neither agree nor disagree	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree
I have access to good health care.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I am satisfied with the medical care I receive.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Sometimes I can't afford medical care.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Sometimes I can't afford medications.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I am able to get medical care when I need it.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I am able to see specialists when needed.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I am able to see my primary care doctor when needed.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
I am able to get mental health care when needed.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

(15.) Please tell us about high-speed internet access in your home.

- ☐ I do not have access to high-speed internet at home.
- ☐ I have high-speed internet at home, but would prefer not to use it for telehealth medical appointments.
- ☐ I have high-speed internet at home, and would be comfortable attending a telehealth medical appointment this way. (Please tell us what kind of device you would prefer to use to connect with a doctor.) \_\_\_\_\_

(16.) Did you experience any of the following before age 18? Please check all that apply. (For local crisis help information from the Family Crisis Intervention Center of Jackson County, please call 304-373-0181. For national resources text HOME to 741741.)

	Often	Sometimes	Never
Did you live with anyone who was depressed, mentally ill, or suicidal?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Did you live with anyone who was a problem drinker or an alcoholic?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Did you live with anyone who used illegal street drugs or who abused prescription medications?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Did you live with anyone who served time or who was sentenced to serve time in a prison, jail, or other correctional facility?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Were your parents separated or divorced?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

<i>(question 16 continued)</i>	Often	Sometimes	Never
How often did your parents or adults in your home ever slap, hit, kick, punch, or beat each other up?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Before the age of 18, how often did a person or adult in your home ever hit, beat, kick, or physically hurt you in any way?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
How often did a parent or adult in your home ever swear at you, insult you, or put you down?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
How often did anyone at least 5 years older than you or an adult ever touch you sexually?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
How often did anyone at least 5 years older than you or an adult try to make you touch them sexually?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
How often did anyone at least 5 years older than you or an adult force you to have sex?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

(17.) Over the past 2 weeks, how often have you been bothered by any of the following problems?

	Not At All	Several Days	More Than Half the Days	Nearly Every Day
Little interest or pleasure in doing things	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Trouble falling asleep, staying asleep, or sleeping too much	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Feeling tired or having little energy	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Poor appetite or overeating	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Feeling bad about yourself – or that you’re a failure or have let yourself or your family down	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Trouble concentrating on things, such as reading the newspaper or watching television	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Moving or speaking so slowly that other people could have noticed. Or, the opposite – being so fidgety or restless that you have been moving around a lot more than usual	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Thoughts that you could be better off dead or of hurting yourself in some way	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>



(18.) If you checked off any problems in the list above, how difficult have those problems made it for you to do you work, take care of things at home, or get along with other people?

- ☐ Not difficult at all
- ☐ Somewhat difficult
- ☐ Very difficult
- ☐ Extremely difficult

(19.) In the past six months, which of the following are things you have done in response to the coronavirus pandemic? Please check all that apply.

- ☐ Canceled a doctor appointment
- ☐ Worn a face mask or other covering
- ☐ Visited a doctor or hospital
- ☐ Canceled or postponed work activities
- ☐ Canceled or postponed school activities
- (question 19 continued)*
- ☐ Canceled or postponed dental or other appointments
- ☐ Canceled outside caregivers or home help
- ☐ Avoided some or all restaurants
- ☐ Worked from home
- ☐ Studied from home
- ☐ Canceled or postponed social activities
- ☐ Stockpiled food or water
- ☐ Avoided public or crowded spaces
- ☐ Prayed
- ☐ Avoided contact with high-risk people
- ☐ Washed or sanitized hands
- ☐ Kept six feet distance from those outside my house
- ☐ Stayed home because I felt unwell
- ☐ Wiped packages entering my home
- ☐ Spent more time outdoors in nature
- ☐ Spent more time doing physical activity
- ☐ Spent less time outdoors in nature
- ☐ Spent less time doing physical activity
- ☐ None of the above

(20.) In the past six months, which of the following kinds of help have you applied for due to the coronavirus? Please check all that apply.

- ☐ Unemployment insurance
- ☐ Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)
- ☐ Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
- ☐ Social Security
- ☐ Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
- ☐ Any kind of government health insurance (Medicaid/Medicare)
- ☐ Other aid from the government
- ☐ Assistance from a union or other association, or from my employer

- ☐ Assistance from another community organization
- ☐ Assistance from a food pantry
- ☐ Other assistance \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ None of the above

(21.) Getting enough food can be a problem for some people. Do you think you/your family will be able to afford the food you need for the next four weeks?

- ☐ No, we will not be able to get what we need
- ☐ We will be able to get SOME of what we need
- ☐ We will be able to get MOST of what we need
- ☐ Yes, we will be able to get what we need

(22.) How did you/your family get food before March 2020, and how will you get food in the coming weeks? Please check all that apply.

	Before March 2020	In the coming weeks
Grocery store	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Online subscription or delivery	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Convenience store	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
From farmers or a market	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Food pantry	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Public school	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Meal delivery program (like Meals on Wheels)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Community meal program (like free meals at a church)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Other _____	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

(23.) How often do you smoke cigarettes?

- ☐ Every day
- ☐ Some days
- ☐ Not at all

(24.) During the past month, how many days per week did you have at least one alcoholic beverage? (A beer, a glass of wine, or a mixed drink with a shot of liquor.)

- ☐ 1 day per week
- ☐ 2 days per week
- ☐ 3 days per week
- ☐ 4 days per week
- ☐ 5 days per week
- ☐ 6 days per week
- ☐ 7 days per week
- ☐ None

(25.) During the past month, how many days per week did you get exercise from running, gardening, walking, or something else?

- ☐ 1 day per week
- ☐ 2 days per week
- ☐ 3 days per week

- ☐ 4 days per week
- ☐ 5 days per week
- ☐ 6 days per week
- ☐ 7 days per week
- ☐ None

(26.) On average, how many hours of sleep do you get in a 24-hour period? \_\_\_\_\_

(27.) About how much do you weigh in pounds? \_\_\_\_\_

(28.) About how tall are you in feet and inches? \_\_\_\_\_

(29.) With which gender do you identify?

- ☐ Female
- ☐ Male
- ☐ Other (please specify) \_\_\_\_\_

(30.) What is your marital status?

- ☐ Single
- ☐ Married or in a domestic partnership
- ☐ Divorced
- ☐ Never married
- ☐ Separated
- ☐ Widowed
- ☐ Other (please specify) \_\_\_\_\_

(31.) How many children under the age of 18 live in your household? \_\_\_\_\_

(32.) Are you of Hispanic or Latino origin or descent?

- ☐ Yes, Hispanic or Latino
- ☐ No, not Hispanic or Latino

(33.) Which of these groups best describes your race? Please select all that apply.

- ☐ White/Caucasian
- ☐ Asian
- ☐ Black or African American
- ☐ American Indian or Alaskan Native
- ☐ Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
- ☐ Other (please specify) \_\_\_\_\_

(34.) What is your estimated yearly household income?

- ☐ Less than \$20,000
- ☐ \$20,000 to \$29,999
- ☐ \$30,000 to \$49,999
- ☐ \$50,000 to \$74,999
- ☐ \$75,000 to \$99,999
- ☐ More than \$100,000
- ☐ Prefer not to answer

(35.) What is the highest level of education you have completed?

- ☐ Less than high school graduate
- ☐ High school diploma or equivalent (GED)
- ☐ Technical or vocational degree
- ☐ Associate degree
- ☐ Bachelor degree or higher
- ☐ Other (please specify) \_\_\_\_\_

(36.) Is there anything else you would like to say about health in your community?

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**Q1** - Thank you for taking this Community Health Survey - your thoughts are important to us and will benefit the people who live in your County. Survey results will be used to help guide Camden Clark Medical Center's health programs and address community members' health concerns. This survey is anonymous - your answers will not be connected to you in any way. Thank you for your time and please contact us if you have any questions or need help completing this survey. If you have recently completed this survey, there is no need to do so again. Please feel free to share this link with other members of your community. - Emily Sarkees, WVU School of Public Health, [edillama@hsc.wvu.edu](mailto:edillama@hsc.wvu.edu) In which county do you currently live?

Field	Percentage
Calhoun	1%
Pleasants	3%
Ritchie	4%
Roane	2%
Tyler	2%
Wirt	2%
Wood	59%
Somewhere else	26%

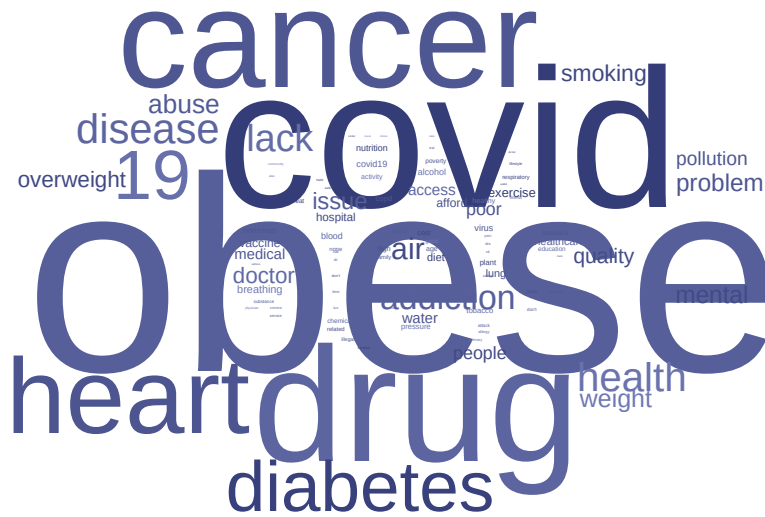
**Q2 - What is your age?**

Field	Percentage
18 to 24 years	1%
25 to 29 years	1%
30 to 34 years	3%
35 to 39 years	3%
40 to 44 years	5%
45 to 49 years	6%
Less than 18 years	0%
50 to 54 years	8%
55 to 59 years	10%
60 to 64 years	15%
65 to 69 years	19%
70 to 74 years	16%
75 to 79 years	8%
80 years or more	5%

**Q3 - How would you rate your county as a "healthy community"?**

Field	Percentage
Very Unhealthy	4.04%
Unhealthy	17.67%
Somewhat Unhealthy	28.14%
Somewhat Healthy	36.31%
Healthy	12.66%
Very Healthy	1.18%

2134 Responses



Field	Percentage of Responses
Obesity - adult	42%
Cancers	41%
Drug and/or alcohol use	41%
COVID-19	28%
Diabetes ("sugar")	27%
Heart problems	23%
Aging problems	16%
Mental health problems	14%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	13%
High blood pressure	11%
Chronic disease	9%

Depression/hopelessness	8%
Obesity - childhood	7%
Anxiety	5%
Dental problems	4%
Other	3%
Poor personal hygiene	2%
Suicide	2%
Maternal health issues	1%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%
HIV/AIDS	0%

**Q6** - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	53%
Limited job opportunities	35%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	26%
Poverty	23%
Homelessness	22%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	16%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	15%
Poor air quality	14%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	14%
Unsafe neighborhoods	11%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	11%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	10%



Limited social services or programs	10%
Poor water quality	9%
Limited access to public transportation	6%
Other	5%
Low quality housing	5%
Limited child care and preschool programs	4%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	2%

**Q7** - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	66%
Lack of exercise	36%
Alcohol use	32%
Unhealthy eating choices	25%
Tobacco - smoking	23%
Overeating	21%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	18%
Child abuse and neglect	17%
Crime - petty	12%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	10%
Domestic violence	10%
Crime - violent	5%
Vaping	4%
Gambling	3%
Tobacco - chewing	3%

Not getting recommended immunizations	3%
Other	2%
Unprotected sex	2%
ATV crashes	2%
Sexual assault/rape	1%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	1%
Gun-related injuries	1%

**Q8 - Can you think of something that would help improve the health of your community?**

1363 Responses



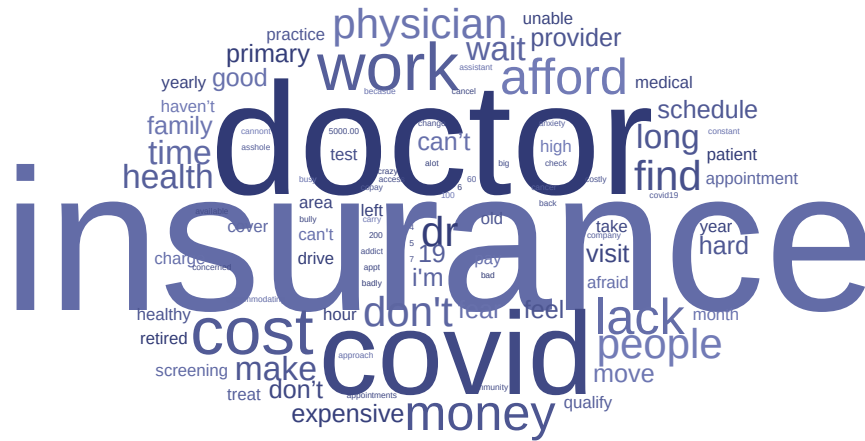
**Q9** - Please tell us how much you agree or disagree with the following statements...

Field	Strongly agree	Somewhat agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Somewhat disagree	Strongly disagree
My community is a safe place to live	14.92%	53.26%	13.94%	13.89%	3.98%
We have safe places to walk, bike, or play outside	11.44%	45.45%	15.05%	20.40%	7.67%
I know and trust my neighbors	33.94%	39.23%	14.03%	8.55%	4.25%
I visit or talk to friends, family, or loved ones regularly	45.44%	33.15%	8.82%	8.28%	4.31%
People I meet are generally friendly and helpful	22.97%	52.23%	16.34%	6.04%	2.43%
I have the transportation I need to get where I want to go	74.84%	15.53%	3.47%	2.68%	3.47%
Schools provide a healthy environment and activities	18.93%	35.83%	27.45%	12.49%	5.30%
There are good jobs in my community	2.52%	21.12%	23.94%	32.15%	20.28%
I can afford to live in my community	36.46%	37.01%	14.36%	8.64%	3.53%
I feel safe at work	30.69%	21.57%	41.38%	4.01%	2.34%

**Q10** - Do you see a doctor on a regular basis for check-ups, screenings, or other preventive medicine? - Selected Choice

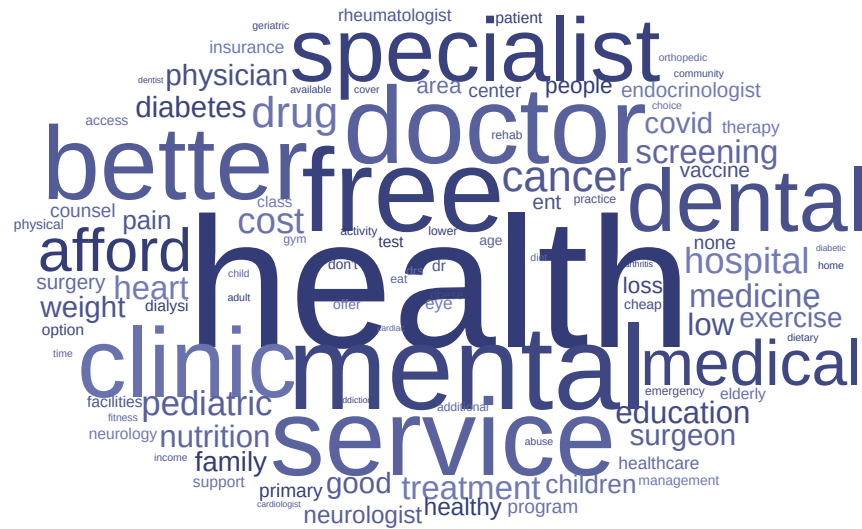
Field	Percentage
Yes	94%
If no, why not?	6%
No	1%

110 Responses



Field	Percentage of Responses
I have private health insurance (through my employer, union, family member, or a plan I pay for myself)	56%
Medicare	50%
Medicaid	10%
Other (please specify)	9%
I pay cash	6%
Veterans Administration	4%
Indian Health Services	0%

1059 Responses



Field	Percentage
Excellent	7%
Good	51%
Fair	33%
Poor	8%
Very Poor	1%

**Q14** - Please tell us your level of agreement with each of these sentences about your county.

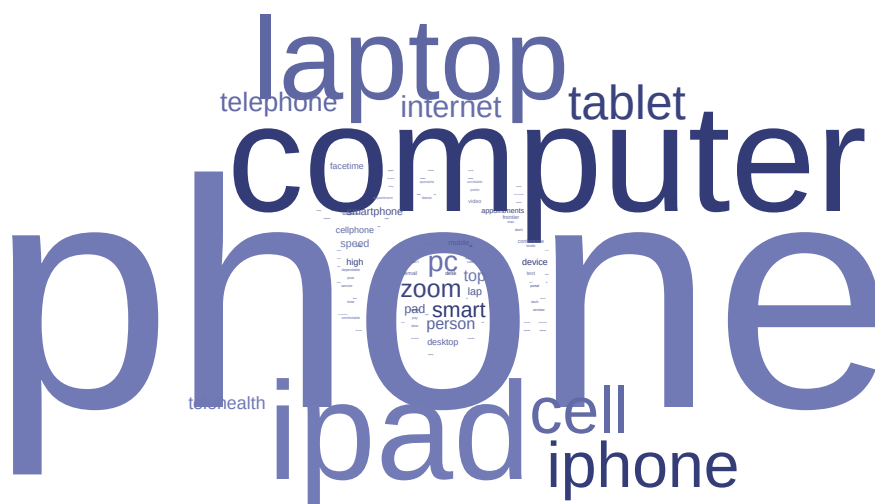
Field	Strongly agree	Somewhat agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Somewhat disagree	Strongly disagree
I have access to good health care.	31.82%	41.20%	9.38%	11.14%	6.45%
I am satisfied with the medical care I receive.	33.33%	41.29%	9.22%	10.33%	5.83%
Sometimes I can't afford medical care.	11.35%	20.67%	21.64%	18.69%	27.65%
Sometimes I can't afford medications.	11.49%	20.57%	19.24%	17.66%	31.04%
I am able to get medical care when I need it.	41.38%	33.91%	10.07%	9.71%	4.93%
I am able to see specialists when needed.	33.50%	35.58%	11.66%	12.98%	6.28%
I am able to see my primary care doctor when needed.	51.60%	29.05%	6.81%	7.47%	5.08%
I am able to get mental health care when needed.	17.77%	16.84%	49.69%	8.60%	7.10%

**Q15** - Please tell us about high-speed internet access in your home. - Selected Choice

Field	Percentage
I have high-speed internet at home, and would be comfortable attending a telehealth medical appointment this way. (Please tell us what kind of device you would prefer to use to connect with a doctor.)	45%
I have high-speed internet at home, but would prefer not to use it for telehealth medical appointments.	44%
I do not have access to high-speed internet at home.	11%

Q15\_3\_TEXT - I have high-speed internet at home, and would be comfortable attending a telehealth medical appointment this way. (Please tell us what kind of device you would prefer to use to connect with a doctor.) - Text

536 Responses



**Q16** - Did you experience any of the following before age 18? Please check all that apply. (For local crisis help information from the Family Crisis Intervention Center, call 304-428-2333. For national resources text HOME to 741741.)

Field	Often	Sometimes	Never
Did you live with anyone who was depressed, mentally ill, or suicidal?	9.72%	17.81%	72.46%
Did you live with anyone who was a problem drinker or an alcoholic?	12.85%	13.22%	73.92%
Did you live with anyone who used illegal street drugs or who abused prescription medications?	3.00%	7.41%	89.59%
Did you live with anyone who served time or was sentenced to serve time in a prison, jail, or other correctional facility?	1.58%	4.79%	93.63%
Were your parents separated or divorced?	14.43%	6.50%	79.07%
How often did your parents or adults in your home ever slap, hit, kick, punch, or beat each other up?	3.90%	11.33%	84.77%
Before the age of 18, how often did a person or adult in your home ever hit, beat, kick, or physically hurt you in any way?	5.11%	16.28%	78.61%
How often did a parent or adult in your home ever swear at you, insult you, or put you down?	9.73%	26.28%	63.99%
How often did anyone at least 5 years older than you or an adult ever touch you sexually?	2.61%	10.13%	87.25%
How often did anyone at least 5 years older than you or an adult try to make you touch them sexually?	2.23%	7.17%	90.60%
How often did anyone at least 5 years older than you or an adult force you to have sex?	1.86%	3.71%	94.43%



**Q17** - Over the past 2 weeks, how often have you been bothered by any of the following problems?

Field	Not At All	Several Days	More Than Half the Days	Nearly Every Day
Little interest or pleasure in doing things	54.79%	29.23%	8.98%	7.01%
Feeling down, depressed or hopeless	57.72%	29.38%	7.36%	5.55%
Trouble falling asleep, staying asleep, or sleeping too much	35.98%	38.07%	11.52%	14.43%
Feeling tired or having little energy	30.01%	43.83%	11.45%	14.70%
Poor appetite or overeating	52.10%	27.48%	11.26%	9.16%
Feeling bad about yourself - or that you're a failure or have let yourself or your family down	69.66%	17.90%	6.06%	6.39%
Trouble concentrating on things, such as reading the newspaper or watching television	66.83%	21.38%	6.34%	5.45%
Moving or speaking so slowly that other people could have noticed. Or, the opposite - being so fidgety or restless that you have been moving around a lot more than usual	85.41%	9.56%	2.87%	2.15%
Thoughts that you would be better off dead or of hurting yourself in some way	92.18%	5.43%	1.33%	1.05%

**Q18** - If you checked off any problems in the list above, how difficult have those problems made it for you to do your work, take care of things at home, or get along with other people?

Field	Choice Count
Not difficult at all	858
Somewhat difficult	475
Very difficult	87
Extremely difficult	44

**Q19** - In the past six months, which of the following are things you have done in response to the coronavirus?  
Please check all that apply.

Field	Percentage of Responses
Worn a face mask or other covering	96%
Washed or sanitized hands	95%
Kept six feet distance from those outside my house	87%
Avoided public or crowded spaces	82%
Avoided contact with high-risk people	73%
Avoided some or all restaurants	71%
Prayed	69%
Canceled or postponed social activities	61%
Visited a doctor or hospital	44%
Wiped packages entering my home	37%
Stockpiled food or water	34%
Spent less time doing physical activity	32%
Canceled a doctor appointment	32%
Canceled or postponed dental or other appointments	31%
Spent more time outdoors in nature	31%
Stayed home because I felt unwell	24%
Spent less time outdoors in nature	19%
Worked from home	18%
Canceled or postponed work activities	18%
Spent more time doing physical activity	17%
Canceled or postponed school activities	10%
Studied from home	5%
Canceled outside caregivers or home help	5%

None of the above	1%
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**Q20** - In the past six months, which of the following kinds of help have you applied for due to the coronavirus?  
Please check all that apply. - Selected Choice

Field	Percentage of Responses
None of the above	84%
Any kind of government health insurance (Medicaid/Medicare)	4%
Unemployment insurance	4%
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	4%
Assistance from a food pantry	4%
Other assistance	3%
Social Security	2%
Other aid from the government	2%
Assistance from another community organization	1%
Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	1%
Assistance from a union or other association, or from my employer	1%
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	0%

**Q21** - Getting enough food can be a problem for some people. Do you think you/your family will be able to afford the food you need for the next four weeks?

Field	Percentage
Yes, will be able to get what we need	82.00%
We will be able to get MOST of what we need	11.38%
We will be able to get SOME of what we need	4.53%
No, we will not be able to get what we need	2.09%

**Q22** - How did you/your family get food before March 2020, and how you will get food in the coming weeks? Please check all that apply.

Field	Before March 2020	In the coming weeks
Grocery store	93.24%	83.91%
Online subscription or delivery	47.57%	91.26%
Convenience store	86.78%	78.93%
From farmers or a market	89.09%	59.67%
Food pantry	56.25%	72.50%
Public school	72.60%	67.12%
Meal delivery program (like Meals on Wheels)	69.57%	56.52%
Community meal program (like free meals at a church)	60.00%	60.00%
Other	54.90%	82.35%

**Q23** - How often do you smoke cigarettes?

Field	Percentage
Not at all	90.07%
Every day	8.06%
Some days	1.87%

**Q24** - During the past month, how many days per week did you have at least one alcoholic beverage? (A beer, a glass of wine, or a mixed drink with a shot of liquor.)

Field	Percentage
1 day per week	14%
2 days per week	4%
3 days per week	3%
4 days per week	2%
5 days per week	2%
6 days per week	1%
7 days per week	3%
None	71%

**Q25** - During the past month, how many days per week did you get exercise from running, gardening, walking, or something else?

Field	Percentage
1 day per week	14%
2 days per week	12%
3 days per week	16%
4 days per week	7%
5 days per week	9%
6 days per week	4%
7 days per week	9%
None	29%

**Q26\_1** - On average, how many hours of sleep do you get a night?

Field	Percentage
0	0.29%
2	0.12%
3	0.93%
4	4.89%
5	11.53%
6	23.18%
7	27.96%
8	21.26%
9	6.00%
10	2.50%
11	0.41%
12	0.93%

**Q29** - With which gender do you identify? - Selected Choice

Field	Percentage
Female	65%
Male	34%
Other (please specify)	1%

**Q30** - What is your marital status? - Selected Choice

Field	Percentage
Married or in a domestic partnership	67%
Divorced	12%
Never married	1%
Separated	1%
Widowed	9%
Other (please specify)	1%
Single	8%

**Q31** - How many children under the age of 18 live in your household? Please enter a number (if none, enter 0).

Field	Percentage
0	83.93%
1	7.61%
2	6.18%
3	1.44%
4	0.72%
6	0.12%

**Q32** - Are you of Hispanic or Latino origin or descent?

Field	Percentage
Yes, Hispanic or Latino	1%
No, not Hispanic or Latino	99%

**Q33** - Which of these groups best describes your race? Please select all that apply. - Selected Choice

Field	Percentage of Responses
White/Caucasian	99%
Asian	0%
Black or African American	1%
American Indian or Alaskan Native	1%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0%
Other (please specify)	1%

## Q33\_6\_TEXT - Other (please specify) - Text

22 Responses





**Q34 - What is your estimated yearly household income?**

Field	Percentage
Less than \$20,000	11.91%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	9.59%
\$30,000 to \$49,999	18.83%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	18.54%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	10.87%
More than \$100,000	13.13%
Prefer not to answer	17.14%

**Q35 - What is the highest level of education you have completed? - Selected Choice**

Field	Percentage
Bachelor degree or higher	32%
High school diploma or equivalent (GED)	29%
Associate degree	15%
Other (please specify)	11%
Technical or vocational degree	10%
Less than high school graduate	2%

183 Responses



**Q36 - Is there anything else you would like to say about health in your community?**

I am currently pregnant

Provide a gym that is in safe area

County health department needs complete revamping. Too radical!

I've been stuck at home since March 2020 so this survey about the community feels weird when really nothing community-wide should have happened the past year

Would like to see doctors that care about their patients and try to help them find the problem.

Specialty doctors and primary care drs needed

It's below average

Hospital care needs improvement

Pain doctor contracted Covid and disappeared. WVU health tried to distance themselves after recommending this doctor. They offered no help even after multiple phone calls.

Keep up the good work and take care of the health care workers as much as possible.

I'm hopeful we will recruit top tier specialist physicians to Wood county

Need dental clinic

It is sadly deteriorating..i am selling and moving out of state

Camden Clark kills people with their carelessness

Rural residents usually have to travel a good distance to see specialists, it would be nice if they were closer.

Needs over 60 activities, kayaking, nature walks, dinner outings

This survey is WAY TO LONG, especially for a "few minutes" of my time.

Hey a better hospital with a caring staff

I travel elsewhere for healthcare most of the time because I find this area lacking competency.

Workers in public places should wear masks properly

People in the Valley need to feel like the healthcare they are receiving is personalized for them and not

2 things: get as many people vaccinated as possible, and continue to provide opportunities for low-cost blood screening panels like you've done in the past, to help prevent missed illnesses especially now that a lot of people

More dental programs

Nice to Hospital in our town

I am overly protected from my wife who lets me go NO

Average

Need places for older people to do fitness

Obesity is a problem here

My health care is good but it is outside my county

Nope. I said my piece. This COVID crap is ruining everyone. The lies. It's crazy this poor country. I don't go out

Get rid of drugs and homelessness

Our health care system is broken badly thanks too Obama care!!!

Would love to have a grocery store with healthy food

Make vaccines available to all now

Remove drug dealers

Excellent doctors and other services, no need to go away from home for care!

Rural WV culture plays a big role in the poor health and habits of the community.

Primary care MDs moved en masse to Belpre OH several yrs ago because of tort reform so now I'm in the Marietta Mem system. I've considered coming back but the CCMH ER is a nightmare compared to Belpre

LOWER COST TO LOWER INSURANCE

I wish WVU medicine would come to Calhoun County. This county has very crappy health and resources. I have been with WVU medicine for years and love the doctors that work within your system and the workers in the hospital actually do their jobs. But in order for me to have that quality health care I have to drive hours to get it

Insulin should be cheaper

MAGA

I live in Calhoun Co. and go to Belpre, OH. to see my Doctors.

Wvu should not be allowed to be a monopoly

Many do not accept responsibility for their health. Medical services are fair when accessed,

Many of our issues are due to lack of economic opportunity and poor education.

Wish folks around here had more of a healthier mindset.

need more choices without doctors blocking changes from one to another

Exercise more

Vaccines at hospital, without a clinic charge. So vaccinations are in Epic

BRING SPECIALIST TO PARKERSBURG

Lower drugs and get some vaccines at your hospital

Start treating people with covid, use the monoclonal antibodies on anyone age 65 or older who contracts covid, what good does saving it do anyone, does it make you feel good knowing that you have a stash that you can use for yourself or your family if you become infected. Do a better job of disinfecting the hospitals and doctors offices and training of all the lower level jobs that are there such as secretaries and receptionists and aids and

Mental health is unattainable for someone in my income bracket. Also anything specialized like a gastroenterologist I have problem and can't have them taken care of unless it becomes an emergency situation so I live sick. This is unacceptable. I can pay something just not the inflated price of medical care currently.

I have concerns about air quality

Health insurance costs are outrageous and I particularly dislike the fact that someone in a room at BC/BS with a high school education can tell physicians what procedures they can or cannot do. Seems like that is practicing medicine without a license. And I don't like the fact that the doctors at the hospital are mercenaries with no ties

Need more free clinics for people without insurance.

Need more dental hours that are open for more appointments and emergencies.

It is just down right shitty.

Need greater focus on patient care. Let frontline healthcare workers care for patients. Too much time and effort doing administrative things. Create new positions to take care of the business side.

COPD

need more specialist doctors

get the drug addicts and homeless off the street / stop breaking in to my car/home/buildings

Would like to see emphasis on becoming a healthy community by recreating our self image and community opportunities for exercise, friendships and meals

Mask Up!

We need an increase in both LGBT and mental health resources

Mental health needs addressed - although your gender question asking how I "identify" is an indication of this survey's objectiveness. Identify? Are you kidding me? You're either male or female - period.

Too much homelessness and drug use

I am relatively new to the area but appreciate what it has to offer

Doctors are so busy and overwhelmed

stand up and tell the government we are tired of being forced to give up our rights for a 60 yr old virus with a

Need more drs and help with health insurance costs

No county health nurse

A lot of walkers--I'd like to see better places to walk in the neighborhood.

Air quality is good.

could be improved

WVU has made improvements to our health care in Wood County. Thank you!

Very concerned that 4 people in my neighbor have come down with Wegeners Disease. 2 of which have died. Something weird is going on. These guys live in a 2 mile radius of each other.

Id like to see better cancer care in our community

Because so many doctors have joined WVU Medicine healthcare has become an assemblyline process in our community. Patients are no longer given personal care by their primary physicians and are often unnecessarily

Average

I feel fortunate that I am able to afford good health care.

I think everybody is a little depressed because of Covid and my husband and I are a little scared of how we would

The fact that schools are feeding children, even on the weekends and some schools have started food pantries says a lot about this community and food shortages for families. It has become a crisis. This is not a crisis brought solely on by the virus but the virus has shown how critical it is. People, especially children are hungry.

Covid 19 has highly contributed to a lack of Physical, Social, and Mental Health

Make a point of easy contact where persons that are currently on the "wait" list can call and KNOW where they

When this study is completed I would like to see what conclusions and the people that answered the

I cannot stress enough how frustrating it has been trying to get anything pharmaceutical related due to the anti pharma policies WVU healthcare has taken not allowing the industry to enter into Doctors' offices anymore. It is

Need more personal Drs

I appreciate what we have here.

Fantastic Cardiology Group and comprehensive Cancer Center

Educating our children and grandchildren about drugs alcohol and other pitfalls of life and how important it is to

I see specialists in Cleveland. When local family doc retired unable to get appt with another family doc. Have to wait much too long in ER. Prefer going to Belpre—shouldn't have to do that.

Need serious healthcare assistance

This info is all affected in large part by the pandemic

Too many smokers

having to pay over 1100.00 a month for silver health insurance is so Bad. not your prob . but wow. thanks for the

Too many children being raised by grandparents, sometimes great grandparents, or in foster care. The number is

It's not best local cause it's not well equipped for socializing

No Covid 19 counseling in November or Infusions that other States had. In my County when my household had

We need more services for mental health and illnesses

It's awful and getting worse each year. Sadly, the only hospital we have is CCMC and I don't see them doing much about it, that's why most people leave the area for major health concerns.

CCMC WVU has been improving phenomenally the last 10-15 years

The TV programing owned by FOX needs to start telling the truth.

Moving to WV was like going backwards 20 year in time. Hospitals are not connected electronically. You still must carry paper for medical needs, i.e. blood tests, Ct-scan, MRI, etc.

It's unfortunate that doctors are now being made to chase check marks and other opportunities to bill. The computer has really changed the dynamic of a personal relationship with your healthcare provider due to the fact they rarely look at you and are too fixated with input. I feel also the healthcare workers including providers are far less happy than in previous years. Let's make Parkersburg a better place to live and that starts with big

There are too many people that are unaware of the risky behaviors they indulge in nor the possible negative keep working to make it better!

We are happy in Wood county. Wish our children were closer. All 3 graduated from college & live in different Why don't we have a children's hospital here??

Help wont be better til covid is gone

Cannot afford my Rx

this is a rural community with limited quality healthcare facilities. I have to travel 1 to 1.5 hours away for doctors and hospitals. right now I and my husband can drive. However, I am concerned for our future or for those in Tyler Camden Clark costs are too high compared to other available healthcare

Only the people with money get help

Pollution

ACCESS AND THE INABILITY TO PAY FOR WHAT I REALLY NEED!!

E BIKES NEED TO BE ACCEPTED NOT TAXED

Get cleaner drinking water

Fix COVID 19

Concerns tend to get ignored based on appearance rather than listened to when fully founded on a strong family history. WVU took over and prices for doctors tripled. It was already tough to afford, and then it became

We just need more mental health resources

I feel like my allergies & sinus issues have directly been related to living in this community. I never had any issues until moving to this area. The C8 in this area I believe has caused a multitude of medical issues in my family & friends as well. I.e. blood clotting disorders, color blindness, thyroid problems, cancer etc

Expand specialists choices

Sub par hospitals

The. Cardio doctors don't seem considered about you. they just give you a prescription with little follow-up.

we have to travel too far to see specialists

Hopelessness fades when they are emotionally and spiritually in a good place

Make education a priority

Glad for inquiry

Uneducated

Have a public review board or way to address mistakes at the hospitals-

Costs are terrible

Quality and nurses moving

Feels like a monopoly x 2

We just could use more family doctors with equipment

It is a rural area, smaller and much overlooked by state and federal government

High risk stress related diseases

Everybody quit smoking and exercise more

need ambulance service. Federally funded community clinic is excellent

Too long

nice safe place to live.

Need cancer services

A very successful physician resident director should not be "forced out" by an arbitrary administrative decision without consideration for experience and outcome.

Control the drug issue and add more mental health opportunities

More jobs and a livable wage and affordable housing would solve over 80% of the communities problems.

You as a health care provider to have your nurses and doctors to do a physicals instead sending for blood work!

I primarily filled this out because I wanted to mention how surprised I was at the lack of services available locally during my wife's pregnancy and my child's current healthcare. My wife was sent to Charleston to have a 3d ultrasound done while pregnant. We then had to take our child to Charleston a few weeks after she was born so that she could get a better thyroid test. My experience at the local lab has also made me feel like it is not well equipped to handle young children. Worrying about my child having a serious medical issue and it potentially not

Cheaper prescription

the county needs better health and wellbeing education programs

We have a TOPS chapter that is not well attended. Despite many persons are over weight. It is hard to manage  
Water issues chemical

don't like the competition with Memorial Health  
needs improving just like anywhere else in this country

Govt. health ins. for all

Would like a COVID 19 vaccine shot

Affordable healthcare for all people

Everyone needs to exercise more

I would like to see some respite for disabled adult children who are mentally sound but not physically.

We need more pediatrics! I have to drive 2 hours to Morgantown for my sons needs and that can be challenging at time with a toddler, weather, work, etc.

Too much loud noise

qw need more specialist doctors. Such as ENT, liver, ear, autoimmune doctors. Also, doctors specializing in

We need to get healthier

greatest issue is lack of Covid vaccines

Teach the children, offer after school programs. Many parents don't want their children so they don't play or teach them. We need more community non competitive places for children to go besides the one boys ana girls

Obesity

Our community has potential but something has to happen to help the addicts in our community to become productive individuals. Also our community needs good paying jobs with opportunities if we want to keep our young adults here. Studies need to be done to see how other cities our size have succeeded.

We truly need advanced care for those in this area without high cost cause there are no jobs here.

Too many over-weight people

Need more education how to eat properly

I since a lack of imagination in public officials and feel WV has skepticism toward anything progressive. I think this is extremely limiting. This is in a general sense. There are of course exceptions to the rule in every community. I was born and raised in WV but spent most of my adulthood in many other states. I came back

We need more affordable health care and all health should post their prices or be able to tell you your copay up

I have fought 2 types of cancer in the past 4 years. I am impressed with what WVU Medicine has done to improve health care in our area especially for breast cancer. It would be nice if we had a gynecological oncologist in our

Dying community

I am tired of having to go out of town for medical care.cleveland clinic

Stop closing things it leads to depression and suicide and jobs

Better access to vaccines, please! Thank you for all you do!

Health revolves around proper nutrition (if you can kill it or grow it you can eat it), real sleep, movement every day, eliminating toxins, stress management, and healthy personal relationships with others. The focus of health

Other then cancer and diabetes we are in pretty good shape

I would recommend it to anyone

Quit with the understaffing because patients are not getting the care they need and also with the covid restrictions it's a free for all and Doctors come see patients before family can get in .. family members need to have contact with doctors as caregivers and we are all being ignored .. nurses are not reading charts and giving patients meds that they shouldn't have been given ! First hand experience when my Father was in the hospital !

While access to healthcare is good, access to healthy habits/activities/dining is not.

too many people on welfare

Continue to a Ducati the public on various health care issues

Prices are too high. Those with limited or no income can not afford medical care in this valley. Initiate free health care clinics for those in need. A screening process would be needed to weed out those everything free but have the resources to pay. In this world there are givers and there are takers, there are also wanters and needers and the takers and the wanters will take everything they can get with no remorse to those who "need" assistance.

Poor

The ever-growing drug problem in my community is our greatest long-term threat in terms of health and other Part of the reason why I feel that this community is less healthy is due to WVU medicine pushing their doctors to take more and more patients, so that WVU can make more money. This decreases the quality of health care.

Need more hospital choices, safer exercise options, better grocery options.

Just drive around and look at the homelessness and walkers(people looking fo a fix) crime has increased...this affects the health of my community and saddens me.

Better than larger cities

i wish there was better psychologists in the area

Although none of my answers focused on the elderly, I sense that that segment of the community may have its own challenges and needs. Please be sure that their needs are understood and addressed.

If covid was gone things would get back to normal.

It is frustrating to see people not care about their health.

lived here all life and would like to continue...best place to be.

There needs to be more places, opportunities, and activities to get involved in like walking trails gyms children's athletics and more community involvement

Let's pray COVID is over soon.

Wirt County is lacking on physicians but Wood County is close and has doctors available. More Endocrinologists

Pray

I said it all

Get caring drs that actually listen and respond adequately

WISH THAT PEOPLE HAD BETTER HEALTH BENEFITS.

Need more help funding so services can be provided to those that need it

Dr. Straight is a wonderful physician in our community.

There are few answers that aren't connected to poverty cause by lack of good jobs.

Our community struggled with adequate mental health providers before the pandemic. With the extra stress from Covid, it is very important that we get more providers to the area for adults and children!

need better access for those in need but can't afford it

It's fell through the cracks. WVU reputation isn't good. I have family working for WVU and they are treated poorly and get beat down. Strong-arming is their practice instead of helping people get better.

My WVU Chart is awesome!!!

I would like to see this year have more activities. I know covid is a problem, but so isn't people being locked up in

No help for older adults

Were like everyone else

Kids are getting fatter

It's been a tough year.

Need fun, active, positive place for youth to gather and recreate. Movies, video games, bowling, etc.

Need more to do

I do the most part of my doctoring, ERs, surgery etc. In the state of Ohio.

It seems people just. Keep getting heavier.

Need a much better hospital with a full staff that cares about patients where yours does not

Covid has the gyms shut down and my health has went to hell .i use to exercise 5 days a week now none mentally and physically had enough of this Covid HOAX



WVU Medicine should hold more community health fairs and screening for people who cannot afford testing  
Best wishes to president Biden as he tries to rescue our country ! Best wishes president Biden, you can do it  
More education and resources and cleaning up our air and water, offering easier ways to recycle as well  
it sucks

I also think a new walking track would be great

Bad water, air, good jobs, better housing better opportunities

Wish for improvement

Appreciate CCMC

Concerned on the level of care available to the drug related issues in the community

The drug problem is still a great concern

Help the elderly and in nursing homes. They are a forgotten lot in society

Need more healthy eating choices

We love Camden Clark!

Parkersburg isn't as nice as it used to be. Too much drugs and minor crime.

It is good if you can get it.

It would be nice to have more affordable medicines

Believe the health in the community is good. Living in our area is much better than larger higher populated areas. Life and how we live is what we make it

People lack life skills

vaccinations for 80+ a lie!!!

Thank you for all you do for the health of our community

homeless problem has skyrocketed in last 2 years leading to more crime and drug usage

The food pyramid is upside-down, the gov lied and people are loaded with unhealthy carbs, tell people the truth.

Its really bad here. People cant get the things they need, we are in pain and people cant get pain meds. They make us suffer for everyone elses mistakes. I have to watch my parents suffer in pain because they cant get

could be better if quality is stresses and measured

We need better help for mentally ill

I want my COVID vaccine

Cheaper health care and prescription costs need to come down. Helping the the homeless and drug community

Nice place to live.

We need public water and sewer.

It sucks

i believe people here have a good heart because i belive in the Lord and has since I was 17 years old.

Stop smoking aid should be free and not have to get lectured to get it

Our hospital administration places too much emphasis on money and not nearly enough on solid patient care.

People avoid getting help because they financially can not afford it. When an emergency arises, then they are faced with having their wages detached to pay for such care. This is a vicious cycle that helps no one as the person that needed help, now needs more because they can no longer afford to pay their bills because their wages are being detached - to pay a medical bill. I agree that the bills need to be paid, but making people live very short on their paychecks is not the way to solve this problem. Now the persons children are the ones that have to suffer. They have to go without because mom and dad can no longer afford to make their monthly

I think that we need a menopause specialist women live more of their lifespan in this phase than any other.

OB/GYN's only have one hour of training in this aspect. It would be nice to have someone who specializes in this field for women in the area because OB/GYN to not have time to spend with women knowledgeable enough on

Healthcare is too expensive

Glad Marietta came to Belpre,

We the people are our own worst enemy. We know what to do but rarely do it.

Our community needs are directed by WVU Medicines upper leadership team

If we weren't able to raise a garden we would not eat well. Also we only see a dentist in our county. Our doctors NO. but I think you have no right to ask questions that you asked. Information is none of your business.

Good job, Front line caretakers. You did a wonderful job and we thank you!

Our city needs to clean up run down properties and clean up junk heaps where people live

Camden clark kills patients

Overall, adequate for our area.

Good job

Dental services are needed here for free or cheap

It sucks.

Not sure.

I would like to see active research on my medical problem

We need more choices in the community as to doctors especially, but other things as well. I mentioned Silver Sneakers earlier, if the exercise place in St Marys accepted it there are many folks who could benefit. We cannot Yes, we DESPERATELY NEED RESCUE SQUADS! If we call for one, and IF it isn't out, and IF they can come, it will take them 45 minutes to get here! It is critical! No one can count on them.

I love my doctor Dr. K

Home visits from groomers would be useful (hair & nails)

Our state needs funding to help get things needed. We need to help each other out and make sure we are doing everything we can for everyone. There is so much more going on in the world besides COVID

Need more health care providers

My county is small but tries to provide necessary services for citizens. With only one primary physician in the county it has been necessary for our family members to go out of town for doctor\health checkups.

Really would really like to see a indoor running & walking facility & more safe outdoor running & walking & bike  
Need good american physicians

Asthma problems need to be studied

need programs for children to get and stay healthy

Your Behavioral Health Unit needs a total overhaul. A friend of mine suffered terrible trying to get help there.

Not as much drugs here as in the bigger cities

get rid of Covid-19 as soon as possible

Need community activities

Proud Camden Clark is with WVU hospital

People not properly wearing face masks in grocery stores even if required.

No sense of community

We need a REAL OPTION FOR MENTAL HEALTH/DRUG REHAB

I pray people realize they need Jesus

Healthy foods are limited in restaurants

City Started way to late in worrying about it 😞

Need programs for young adults with substance abuse problems and mental health services for children and

Need more Covid vaccines

Could be better.

More help is needed instead of having to seek help elsewhere like Cleveland and Columbus.

To many people believe yo virus is "fake news" What a shame. And there's not many people doing anything

Need more Covid vaccines

Nothing will get better unless we deal with environmental contaminants; so I don't expect it to.

We need more general surgeons.

When you get a simple test done you get several different bills from different locations. Then WVU Medicine forces you to pay on all those bills at once and you set the amount which is a \$25 minimum per bill. That means a WVU payment of sometimes \$100 a month. I can't afford that much per month so I just suffer. Healthcare is way

This is a lousy place to live and the people here keep voting to keep it that way

We live close to 2 bars and they are always busy to packed like there is no pandemic!

there is no competition with other providers, wvu has a monopoly

Mental Awareness at this very moment needs to be addressed for all ages

be there for your nurses, not just the ones that work for you

I pray that people can soon get the help that they need & be able to eat, have a home with utilities

Too many unnecessary questions

We need better qualified and knowledgeable people working in health care. More caring and dedicated

Overall, other than long waits to see specialists (dermatologists, endocrinologists) I have been satisfied with my healthcare and healthcare options. I am concerned about the drug crisis in this area and the resulting misery for those involved and the issues it creates with crime, homelessness, poverty, and the numbers of kids in foster care. I think more programs are needed for the prevention and treatment. I am also greatly concerned about the quality of the drinking water in our community and feel more should be done to improve it and there should be

Need education

I feel Roane General Hospital has a wide range of services to offer. Our small hospital is a leading hospital in small

This community needs to realize that the covid is NOT political in any way and we all need to do our part so

let doctors run the hospitals not business people

I wish all would wear their masks properly.

Need full panel for thyroid testing cheap price.

Love the Camden Clark Wellness Center and think it is underutilized!

Education is important and Neonatal intensive care

It would benefit our community to have restaurants offering healthier options... also, more outdoor opportunities for exercise to promote healthy living.

make necessary medications affordable

Waiting too long to be scheduled for COVID-19 vaccination

CCMH does nothing to help and does not take care of its poorest members . This is well known in the MOV

Too many fast food restaurants

needs more attention

There is so much basic ignorance here that it's imperative to focus on the children

Parkersburg could be great with good paying jobs

There are a large number of people 70 or older.

Overall, good health in our community.

Do not like that fact that the hospitals are buying up all the Doctors offices and have control of who I see and

Schools should do more

the level of care depends on the income one has and/or the kind of insurance NOT on what is needed to be

In general, it is known that the Ohio valley is unhealthy because of the chemical plants and past poor

everyone is nice and speaks when spoken to.

Drug education is needed

health care is too expensive

I do not know too much but thanks for asking..and the job you guys are doing...

Improved infrastructure, public transportation in and outside of city limits, sidewalks, good paying jobs and more

more pool access, there are too many swimmers and not enough lanes

Dementia issues need more attention for care options and services.

It is improving

We have drug abuse among the young and the older population has need of help in many ways

People think that medical professionals will tell them what is healthy and available. Medical professionals think it's pointless to tell people because they won't do it, so they just prescribe pills. There's a huge

You guys are doing a good job

yes, WVU and Marietta hospital really need to get along and share things, People often have no choice but to see a specialist in Marietta and the two systems don't play nice. It makes it very hard on patients that have to go to both places. Everyone I know has to go to both places, so you all should play nice. That would improve the health

Worse in winter; south Parkersburg park needs better pool & walking

I've watched our area go downhill over the years with drug addicts, and crime rate has went up very high. Streets unsafe, kids can't play in their own yards.

Awareness

Get better care at Camden Clark

More careing doctors and better prevention services

Need affordable health care

It comes as no suprise that the working poor continue to "fall through the cracks" of society. Our community

I'm pleased with what we have

Law needs to be on husbands that hurt their wife and kids and animal abuse and kids not in proper safety seats

Mental health, other than substance abuse needs to be addressed and supported

Healthcare workers are more interested in making money than helping people.

Our community needs help living a healthier lifestyle.

More outdoor activities could occur if neighborhoods were safer.

Need more affordable housing in the area

Glad I live here

happy to live here

I am hopeful the coming generation can make a change for the better.

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<b>Community Resources/Ideas</b>
<b><i>Obesity, Chronic Disease, Physical Activity, and Nutrition</i></b>
American Heart Association – free BP checks
Archery range at Mountwood Park
Coplin Health System Food FARMacy – nutrition classes, education, portable kitchen
Dining with a Doc – well-received in the past (200-250 people)
Dining with Diabetes
Famers Market – cooking classes with Gwen
Fitness centers
Fit Soul – Ritchie County
Kayak launch in Vienna via small grants
Move More MOV
Rails to Trails
Thrive – Community Resources – mobile fresh food from Mountaineer Food Bank
Turkey Trot and other community walks/runs
WVU Extension Services – school-based classes, Show Me Nutrition
<b><i>Substance Use and Mental Health</i></b>
Anti-stigma training efforts
Church-based AA meeting supported by CCMC
Conduct food insecurity screenings
Develop and support community gardens and farms
Healthy corner store initiatives
Host on-site Farmer's Markets, mobile markets and community supported agriculture programs
Increase access to affordable healthy foods through nutrition incentive programs
Lynn – youth drug prevention in school system via HRSA grant and with law enforcement as a partner
Peer Recovery Support Specialist certification – M. Leeson
Peer Recovery Support Specialists in the ED
Produce prescription programs

CCMC 2021 CHNA – Appendix E – Input from Community Event

Perinatal Partnership – new hire in L&D to work with patients
Partner with schools to support Farm 2 School and school-based meal programs
Support summer, after-school, and weekend meals
Substance Use Disorder Collaborative – clinical providers and law enforcement
Suicide prevention for those 40 and under
Too Good for Drugs – curriculum
Workforce development for those in recovery
WVU Extension Services – has received T(eacher) R(esources) A(ddiction) I(m pact) N(ow) training to implement in elementary schools when they are able
<b><i>Cancer</i></b>
American Cancer Association – caregiver and survivor support; meet needs for transportation and lodging
Cancer Resource Center – CCMC
Colorectal screening kits – free, funded by WVU Cancer Fund; uninsured patients are able to follow up with a free colonoscopy if needed
CCMC Foundation – transportation help, etc.
Mountains of Hope – WV Health Connection
<b><i>COVID-19</i></b>
Childhood vaccination education information
<b><i>Poverty</i></b>
Food FARMacy or food boxes
Ritchie Regional Health – will loan BP cuff and educate about tracking blood pressure
Quarterly low-cost blood screening events

**Advanced Filter**  
**Men**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

587 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Obesity - adult	45%
Cancers	41%
Drug and/or alcohol use	35%
Diabetes ("sugar")	33%
COVID-19	29%
Heart problems	25%
Aging problems	19%
High blood pressure	14%
Mental health problems	10%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	10%
Obesity - childhood	8%
Depression/hopelessness	7%
Chronic disease	7%
Anxiety	4%
Other	3%
Dental problems	2%
Poor personal hygiene	2%
Suicide	1%
Maternal health issues	1%
Sexually transmitted diseases	1%

HIV/AIDS 0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

585 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	56%
Limited job opportunities	40%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	26%
Poverty	24%
Homelessness	23%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	15%
Poor air quality	14%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	13%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	10%
Unsafe neighborhoods	10%
Poor water quality	10%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	10%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	8%
Other	7%
Limited social services or programs	7%
Low quality housing	7%
Limited access to public transportation	6%
Limited child care and preschool programs	3%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	3%



Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

588 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	63%
Lack of exercise	39%
Alcohol use	35%
Tobacco - smoking	27%
Overeating	25%
Unhealthy eating choices	24%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	19%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	10%
Child abuse and neglect	10%
Crime - petty	9%
Domestic violence	7%
Not getting recommended immunizations	5%
Vaping	5%
Tobacco - chewing	4%
Gambling	4%
Other	3%
Crime - violent	3%
ATV crashes	2%
Sexual assault/rape	1%
Unprotected sex	1%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	1%
Gun-related injuries	0%

**Advanced Filter  
Women**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

1140 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug and/or alcohol use	46%
Obesity - adult	43%
Cancers	40%
COVID-19	26%
Diabetes ("sugar")	26%
Heart problems	23%
Mental health problems	16%
Aging problems	15%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	14%
Chronic disease	11%
High blood pressure	9%
Depression/hopelessness	8%
Obesity - childhood	6%
Dental problems	5%
Anxiety	4%
Poor personal hygiene	3%
Other	2%
Suicide	2%
Maternal health issues	1%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%

HIV/AIDS

0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

1140 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	51%
Limited job opportunities	32%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	25%
Poverty	24%
Homelessness	22%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	17%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	17%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	15%
Poor air quality	14%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	13%
Unsafe neighborhoods	12%
Limited social services or programs	11%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	11%
Poor water quality	8%
Limited access to public transportation	6%
Low quality housing	5%
Limited child care and preschool programs	5%
Other	4%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	2%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

1142 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	68%
Lack of exercise	36%
Alcohol use	29%
Unhealthy eating choices	26%
Tobacco - smoking	22%
Child abuse and neglect	20%
Overeating	20%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	17%
Crime - petty	13%
Domestic violence	11%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	10%
Crime - violent	5%
Gambling	3%
Vaping	3%
Tobacco - chewing	3%
Not getting recommended immunizations	3%
Unprotected sex	2%
Other	2%
ATV crashes	2%
Sexual assault/rape	1%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	1%
Gun-related injuries	0%

**Advanced Filter**  
**< Age 45**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

301 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug and/or alcohol use	57%
Obesity - adult	51%
Cancers	36%
Mental health problems	32%
Diabetes ("sugar")	22%
Heart problems	16%
COVID-19	13%
Depression/hopelessness	12%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	11%
Chronic disease	9%
Obesity - childhood	8%
Anxiety	6%
High blood pressure	6%
Poor personal hygiene	5%
Dental problems	4%
Aging problems	4%
Other	3%
Suicide	2%
Maternal health issues	2%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%

HIV/AIDS 0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

291 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	41%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	30%
Poverty	30%
Limited job opportunities	29%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	21%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	20%
Poor air quality	20%
Homelessness	16%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	13%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	12%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	12%
Unsafe neighborhoods	10%
Poor water quality	10%
Limited social services or programs	9%
Other	6%
Limited child care and preschool programs	5%
Limited access to public transportation	4%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	3%
Low quality housing	2%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

285 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	73%
Lack of exercise	39%
Alcohol use	30%
Unhealthy eating choices	26%
Child abuse and neglect	21%
Tobacco - smoking	21%
Overeating	15%
Crime - petty	13%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	10%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	9%
Crime - violent	8%
Domestic violence	7%
Gambling	4%
Unprotected sex	4%
Tobacco - chewing	4%
Vaping	3%
Sexual assault/rape	2%
ATV crashes	2%
Other	2%
Not getting recommended immunizations	2%
Gun-related injuries	1%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	1%

**Advanced Filter**  
**Age 70+**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

645 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cancers	43%
COVID-19	41%
Obesity - adult	38%
Drug and/or alcohol use	33%
Diabetes ("sugar")	28%
Heart problems	27%
Aging problems	26%
High blood pressure	15%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	12%
Chronic disease	8%
Mental health problems	7%
Depression/hopelessness	5%
Anxiety	4%
Obesity - childhood	4%
Dental problems	2%
Other	2%
Suicide	2%
Poor personal hygiene	1%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%
Maternal health issues	0%



HIV/AIDS

0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

623 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	56%
Limited job opportunities	36%
Homelessness	29%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	27%
Poverty	20%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	17%
Poor air quality	12%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	12%
Unsafe neighborhoods	12%
Limited social services or programs	11%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	9%
Poor water quality	9%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	9%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	8%
Limited access to public transportation	7%
Low quality housing	6%
Other	4%
Limited child care and preschool programs	3%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	3%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

623 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	62%
Lack of exercise	35%
Alcohol use	31%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	24%
Overeating	24%
Unhealthy eating choices	23%
Tobacco - smoking	21%
Child abuse and neglect	16%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	12%
Domestic violence	11%
Crime - petty	10%
Vaping	5%
Not getting recommended immunizations	5%
Gambling	4%
Tobacco - chewing	3%
Crime - violent	3%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	2%
Other	2%
Sexual assault/rape	1%
ATV crashes	1%
Unprotected sex	1%
Gun-related injuries	0%

**Advanced Filter**  
**White**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

1704 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Obesity - adult	44%
Drug and/or alcohol use	42%
Cancers	40%
Diabetes ("sugar")	28%
COVID-19	27%
Heart problems	24%
Aging problems	16%
Mental health problems	14%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	12%
High blood pressure	11%
Chronic disease	9%
Depression/hopelessness	7%
Obesity - childhood	7%
Anxiety	4%
Dental problems	4%
Other	3%
Poor personal hygiene	2%
Suicide	2%
Maternal health issues	1%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%

HIV/AIDS

0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

1701 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	53%
Limited job opportunities	35%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	26%
Poverty	24%
Homelessness	22%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	16%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	14%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	14%
Poor air quality	14%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	11%
Unsafe neighborhoods	11%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	10%
Limited social services or programs	10%
Poor water quality	9%
Limited access to public transportation	6%
Other	6%
Low quality housing	6%
Limited child care and preschool programs	4%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	2%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

1706 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	66%
Lack of exercise	37%
Alcohol use	31%
Unhealthy eating choices	25%
Tobacco - smoking	24%
Overeating	22%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	18%
Child abuse and neglect	16%
Crime - petty	12%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	10%
Domestic violence	10%
Crime - violent	4%
Not getting recommended immunizations	4%
Vaping	4%
Tobacco - chewing	4%
Gambling	3%
Other	2%
Unprotected sex	2%
ATV crashes	2%
Sexual assault/rape	1%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	1%
Gun-related injuries	0%

**Advanced Filter**  
**Non-white**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

22 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Obesity - adult	55%
Drug and/or alcohol use	45%
Cancers	45%
Diabetes ("sugar")	27%
COVID-19	23%
Mental health problems	23%
Depression/hopelessness	9%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	9%
Heart problems	9%
Aging problems	9%
Suicide	5%
Obesity - childhood	5%
Maternal health issues	5%
Chronic disease	5%
High blood pressure	5%
Dental problems	5%
Anxiety	0%
Poor personal hygiene	0%
Other	0%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%

HIV/AIDS 0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

23 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Limited job opportunities	39%
Homelessness	35%
Poverty	30%
Cost of health care and/or medications	26%
Poor water quality	22%
Poor air quality	22%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	17%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	17%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	17%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	13%
Limited social services or programs	13%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	9%
Unsafe neighborhoods	9%
Low quality housing	9%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	4%
Limited child care and preschool programs	4%
Other	4%
Limited access to public transportation	4%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	4%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

22 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	73%
Child abuse and neglect	36%
Alcohol use	32%
Unhealthy eating choices	23%
Lack of exercise	23%
Overeating	18%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	18%
Domestic violence	14%
Tobacco - smoking	14%
Not getting recommended immunizations	14%
Crime - violent	9%
Vaping	5%
Crime - petty	5%
Other	5%
Unprotected sex	5%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	5%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	5%
Gambling	0%
Sexual assault/rape	0%
Gun-related injuries	0%
Tobacco - chewing	0%
ATV crashes	0%



**Advanced Filter**  
**Lower income <\$30k**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

368 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug and/or alcohol use	39%
Cancers	38%
Obesity - adult	31%
Heart problems	25%
COVID-19	25%
Diabetes ("sugar")	24%
Mental health problems	17%
Aging problems	17%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	16%
Depression/hopelessness	12%
Chronic disease	10%
High blood pressure	10%
Dental problems	7%
Anxiety	7%
Obesity - childhood	6%
Poor personal hygiene	4%
Other	2%
Suicide	2%
Maternal health issues	2%
HIV/AIDS	0%

Sexually transmitted diseases 0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

368 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	51%
Limited job opportunities	31%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	27%
Poverty	26%
Homelessness	22%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	17%
Poor air quality	14%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	14%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	13%
Unsafe neighborhoods	12%
Limited social services or programs	11%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	10%
Poor water quality	9%
Limited access to public transportation	8%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	8%
Low quality housing	6%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	4%
Other	4%
Limited child care and preschool programs	3%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

367 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	63%
Alcohol use	36%
Lack of exercise	31%
Unhealthy eating choices	23%
Tobacco - smoking	21%
Overeating	20%
Child abuse and neglect	17%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	17%
Domestic violence	15%
Crime - petty	14%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	9%
Not getting recommended immunizations	6%
Crime - violent	5%
Vaping	4%
Gambling	4%
Unprotected sex	4%
Tobacco - chewing	3%
Other	2%
Sexual assault/rape	2%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	2%
ATV crashes	2%
Gun-related injuries	1%

**Advanced Filter**  
**Higher income >\$75k**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

410 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Obesity - adult	57%
Drug and/or alcohol use	50%
Cancers	39%
Diabetes ("sugar")	27%
Heart problems	21%
COVID-19	19%
Mental health problems	15%
Aging problems	13%
High blood pressure	10%
Chronic disease	10%
Obesity - childhood	9%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	9%
Depression/hopelessness	7%
Anxiety	4%
Other	3%
Poor personal hygiene	2%
Dental problems	2%
Suicide	0%
Maternal health issues	0%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%

HIV/AIDS

0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

410 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	46%
Limited job opportunities	37%
Poverty	29%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	22%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	20%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	20%
Homelessness	19%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	15%
Poor air quality	13%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	12%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	12%
Limited social services or programs	10%
Unsafe neighborhoods	9%
Other	7%
Limited access to public transportation	6%
Poor water quality	6%
Limited child care and preschool programs	5%
Low quality housing	5%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	1%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

413 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	69%
Lack of exercise	46%
Unhealthy eating choices	31%
Tobacco - smoking	27%
Alcohol use	26%
Overeating	25%
Child abuse and neglect	16%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	15%
Crime - petty	8%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	7%
Domestic violence	6%
Gambling	4%
Vaping	3%
Crime - violent	3%
Tobacco - chewing	3%
Not getting recommended immunizations	2%
Other	1%
ATV crashes	1%
Sexual assault/rape	1%
Unprotected sex	1%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	1%
Gun-related injuries	0%

**Advanced Filter**  
**< 4-year degree**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

544 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cancers	45%
Drug and/or alcohol use	40%
COVID-19	32%
Obesity - adult	31%
Diabetes ("sugar")	25%
Heart problems	25%
Aging problems	17%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	14%
Mental health problems	14%
High blood pressure	12%
Depression/hopelessness	9%
Chronic disease	8%
Anxiety	6%
Obesity - childhood	5%
Dental problems	4%
Poor personal hygiene	3%
Suicide	3%
Other	3%
Maternal health issues	1%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%

HIV/AIDS 0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

543 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	59%
Limited job opportunities	35%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	27%
Homelessness	23%
Poverty	20%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	15%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	15%
Poor air quality	14%
Unsafe neighborhoods	13%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	13%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	11%
Limited social services or programs	9%
Poor water quality	8%
Limited access to public transportation	7%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	7%
Low quality housing	6%
Limited child care and preschool programs	4%
Other	4%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	3%



Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

545 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	66%
Alcohol use	37%
Lack of exercise	28%
Tobacco - smoking	23%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	22%
Unhealthy eating choices	20%
Overeating	18%
Child abuse and neglect	17%
Crime - petty	14%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	13%
Domestic violence	11%
Crime - violent	6%
Vaping	4%
Tobacco - chewing	4%
Not getting recommended immunizations	4%
Gambling	3%
Sexual assault/rape	2%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	2%
Unprotected sex	1%
Other	1%
ATV crashes	1%
Gun-related injuries	1%

**Advanced Filter**  
**4-year degree +**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

559 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Obesity - adult	56%
Drug and/or alcohol use	44%
Cancers	36%
Diabetes ("sugar")	29%
COVID-19	24%
Heart problems	23%
Aging problems	15%
Mental health problems	14%
Chronic disease	11%
High blood pressure	11%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	8%
Obesity - childhood	8%
Depression/hopelessness	7%
Other	3%
Dental problems	3%
Anxiety	3%
Poor personal hygiene	1%
Suicide	1%
Maternal health issues	0%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%

HIV/AIDS 0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

560 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	49%
Limited job opportunities	38%
Poverty	26%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	22%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	20%
Homelessness	18%
Poor air quality	14%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	14%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	13%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	13%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	12%
Unsafe neighborhoods	10%
Poor water quality	9%
Limited social services or programs	9%
Other	8%
Limited access to public transportation	6%
Low quality housing	5%
Limited child care and preschool programs	5%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	2%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

561 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	68%
Lack of exercise	47%
Unhealthy eating choices	32%
Tobacco - smoking	27%
Alcohol use	26%
Overeating	23%
Child abuse and neglect	15%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	14%
Crime - petty	11%
Domestic violence	7%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	7%
Vaping	4%
Gambling	3%
Not getting recommended immunizations	3%
Tobacco - chewing	2%
Other	2%
Crime - violent	2%
ATV crashes	1%
Unprotected sex	1%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	1%
Sexual assault/rape	1%
Gun-related injuries	0%

**Advanced Filter**  
**Kids in the home - yes**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

266 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug and/or alcohol use	53%
Obesity - adult	51%
Cancers	35%
Diabetes ("sugar")	27%
Mental health problems	24%
Heart problems	16%
COVID-19	15%
Chronic disease	11%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	11%
Obesity - childhood	10%
Depression/hopelessness	10%
Aging problems	8%
High blood pressure	6%
Dental problems	5%
Anxiety	4%
Poor personal hygiene	4%
Other	4%
Suicide	2%
Maternal health issues	2%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%

HIV/AIDS

0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

266 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	41%
Limited job opportunities	33%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	32%
Poverty	29%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	23%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	18%
Homelessness	17%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	14%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	14%
Poor air quality	14%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	12%
Limited social services or programs	10%
Unsafe neighborhoods	8%
Other	8%
Poor water quality	7%
Limited child care and preschool programs	6%
Low quality housing	4%
Limited access to public transportation	4%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	3%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

268 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	75%
Lack of exercise	41%
Unhealthy eating choices	29%
Alcohol use	27%
Child abuse and neglect	22%
Tobacco - smoking	21%
Overeating	19%
Crime - petty	12%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	10%
Domestic violence	8%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	8%
Crime - violent	4%
Unprotected sex	4%
Vaping	3%
Not getting recommended immunizations	3%
Tobacco - chewing	3%
Gambling	2%
Sexual assault/rape	2%
Other	2%
ATV crashes	1%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	1%
Gun-related injuries	0%

**Advanced Filter**  
**Kids in the home - no**

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

1397 Responses	
Field	Percentage of Responses
Obesity - adult	43%
Cancers	41%
Drug and/or alcohol use	40%
COVID-19	29%
Diabetes ("sugar")	29%
Heart problems	25%
Aging problems	17%
Mental health problems	13%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	13%
High blood pressure	12%
Chronic disease	9%
Depression/hopelessness	7%
Obesity - childhood	6%
Anxiety	4%
Dental problems	4%
Other	2%
Poor personal hygiene	2%
Suicide	1%
Maternal health issues	1%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%



HIV/AIDS 0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

1394 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	54%
Limited job opportunities	36%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	26%
Poverty	23%
Homelessness	23%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	16%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	14%
Poor air quality	14%
Unsafe neighborhoods	12%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	11%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	11%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	10%
Limited social services or programs	10%
Poor water quality	9%
Limited access to public transportation	7%
Low quality housing	6%
Other	5%
Limited child care and preschool programs	4%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	2%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

1397 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug use	64%
Lack of exercise	36%
Alcohol use	31%
Unhealthy eating choices	25%
Tobacco - smoking	24%
Overeating	22%
Distracted driving (cellphone use)	19%
Child abuse and neglect	16%
Crime - petty	12%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	11%
Domestic violence	10%
Vaping	4%
Not getting recommended immunizations	4%
Crime - violent	4%
Gambling	4%
Tobacco - chewing	4%
Other	2%
ATV crashes	2%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	1%
Unprotected sex	1%
Sexual assault/rape	1%
Gun-related injuries	0%

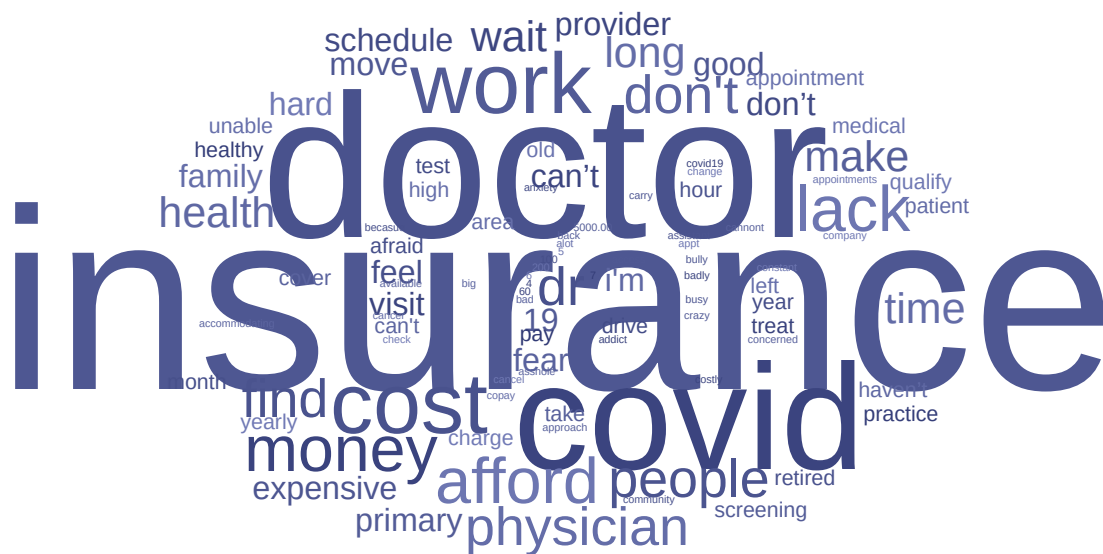
Demographic	Survey Response	Calhoun	Pleasants	Ritchie	Roane	Tyler	Wirt	Wood
Men	33.75%	50.10%	54.20%	49.90%	49.30%	50.40%	50.90%	48.50%
Women	65.30%	49.90%	45.80%	50.10%	50.70%	49.60%	49.10%	51.50%
Age 65+	47.46%	25.60%	19.60%	23.00%	22.80%	49.60%	20.80%	20.90%
White alone	97.05%	98.00%	96.40%	98.10%	97.80%	97.10%	97.70%	96.20%
Non-white or 2+ races	2.95%	2.00%	3.60%	1.90%	2.20%	2.90%	2.30%	3.80%
Hispanic or Latino	0.53%	1.10%	0.90%	0.90%	1.30%	0.80%	0.90%	1.20%
Households with high-speed internet	88.58%	69.40%	76.10%	70.70%	67.80%	69.80%	69.70%	80.00%
Bachelor's degree or higher, age 25+	32.44%	12.20%	11.60%	11.30%	13.10%	14.10%	11.20%	21.90%
<a href="https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/US/PST045219">https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/US/PST045219</a>								

Q10 - Do you see a doctor on a regular basis for check-ups, screenings, or other preventive medicine? - Selected Choice

2013 Responses

Field	Percentage
Yes	93.94%
If no, why not?	5.51%
No	0.55%

Q10\_2\_TEXT - If no, why not? - Text



Q11 - How do you pay for healthcare? Please select all that apply. - Selected Choice

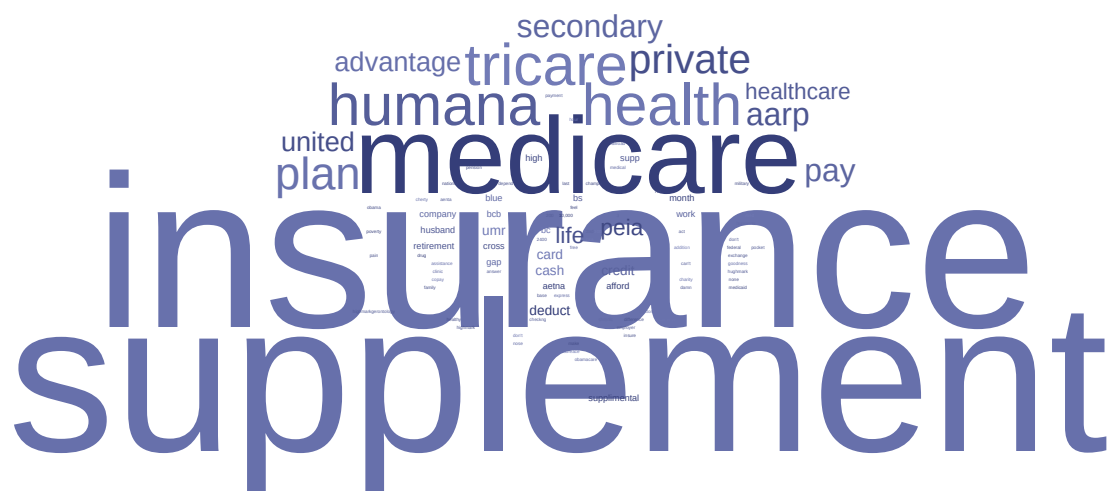
2006 Responses

Field

Percentage of  
Responses

I have private health insurance (through my employer, union, family member, or a plan I pay for myself)	56%
Medicare	50%
Medicaid	10%
Other (please specify)	9%
I pay cash	6%
Veterans Administration	4%
Indian Health Services	0%

Q11\_7\_TEXT - Other (please specify) - Text



1059 Responses



Field	Choice Count
Unclear / uncategorized	144
Psychiatry / mental health	89
Dental care	55
Cardiology	39
None	39
Nutrition / dietician	39
Endocrinology	33
Neurology	33

Oncology	31
Access to care in general	30
Pediatrics	27
Primary care physicians	27
Substance use treatment	27
Gastroenterologist	26
Urgent care / clinic / walk-in locations	25
Free preventive screening	24
Rheumatology	22
Lower cost care	20
Better quality care	19
Free clinic	17
Exercise programs	16
Geriatrics	16
Pain management	16
Vision care	16
COVID-19 vaccines	15
ENT	15
Diabetic care	14
Health education	13
OB-GYN	13
Weight management	13
Orthopedist	12
Surgical specialists	11
Access to ED	10

Bariatrics	10
Better ED	10
Dermatology	10
Urologist	10
Pulmonary	9
Radiology	9
Lower cost medication	8
Alternative medicine	7
Family care providers	7
Lower cost insurance	7
Medicare for all	7
Transportation	7
Access to a hospital	6
Physical therapy	6
Veterans services	6
Aging services	5
EMS	5
Exercise facility	5
Functional medicine	5
Holistic care	5
Access to pharmacy	4
Free dental care	4
Gerontology	4
Youth mental health	4
Alzheimer's / dementia services	3



Autoimmune care	3
Cancer screenings	3
Cooking classes	3
Cosmetic	3
COVID-19 testing	3
Diabetes education	3
Dialysis	3
Exercise	3
Free exercise classes	3
Home health care	3
Nephrology	3
NICU	3
Nutrition - food assistance	3
Podiatry	3
Preventive medicine	3
Smoking cessation	3
Speech pathology/audiology	3
Access to medication	2
Allergist	2
Autism services	2
Fertility clinic	2
Free services	2
Housing	2
Improved technology	2
Medical marijuana	2

Optometrist	2
Outpatient services	2
Pediatric dentist	2
Pediatric optometrist	2
Recreational activities	2
Social services	2
Spine care	2
Vaccines	2
Wellness center	2
Access to abortion	1
Access to care after hours	1
Access to Health Department	1
Access to health insurance	1
Access to specialists	1
Access to surgical specialties	1
Audiology	1
Better insurance coverage	1
Burn care	1
CBD	1
Colorectal surgeon	1
Diabetic support group	1
End of life counseling	1
Exercise facility memberships covered by insurance	1
Financial education	1
Free birth control	1

Free exercise facility	1
Free vaccines	1
Free vision care	1
General education	1
Genetic services	1
Health programs	1
Hematology	1
Herbal health care	1
Hospice care	1
Immunologist	1
Income-based care	1
Increased walk/bikeability	1
LGBT care	1
Long-term care facilities	1
Lymphedema	1
Mammogram	1
Manipulation therapy	1
Massage	1
Meal services	1
Medical cost transparency	1
Medicare for all children	1
Men's health	1
Occupational therapy	1
Organ transplant services	1
Orthodontist	1

Outreach programs	1
Pediatric genetics	1
Pharmaceutical patient education	1
Phone access	1
Reproductive specialist	1
Senior center	1
Sleep clinic	1
Sonography	1
Stand alone birthing center	1
Substance use education	1
Suicide prevention	1
Support groups - adults with ACEs	1
Telehealth counseling	1
Transplant services	1

Q14 - Please tell us your level of agreement with each of these sentences about your access to health care.

1985 Responses

Field	Strongly agree	Somewhat agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Somewhat disagree	Strongly disagree
I have access to good health care.	31.82%	41.20%	9.38%	11.14%	6.45%
I am satisfied with the medical care I receive.	33.33%	41.29%	9.22%	10.33%	5.83%
Sometimes I can't afford medical care.	11.35%	20.67%	21.64%	18.69%	27.65%
Sometimes I can't afford medications.	11.49%	20.57%	19.24%	17.66%	31.04%
I am able to get medical care when I need it.	41.38%	33.91%	10.07%	9.71%	4.93%
I am able to see specialists when needed.	33.50%	35.58%	11.66%	12.98%	6.28%
I am able to see my primary care doctor when needed.	51.60%	29.05%	6.81%	7.47%	5.08%
I am able to get mental health care when needed.	17.77%	16.84%	49.69%	8.60%	7.10%

Q15 - Please tell us about high-speed internet access in your home. - Selected Choice

1909 Responses

Field	Percentage
I do not have access to high-speed internet at home.	11%
I have high-speed internet at home, but would prefer not to use it for telehealth medical appointments.	44%
I have high-speed internet at home, and would be comfortable attending a telehealth medical appointment this way. (Please tell us what kind of device you would prefer to use to connect with a doctor.)	45%

Q5 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to health and disease in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

427 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Drug and/or alcohol use	43%
Obesity - adult	38%
Cancers	38%
COVID-19	30%
Diabetes ("sugar")	23%
Heart problems	23%
Mental health problems	18%
Aging problems	17%
Respiratory/lung disease/asthma	15%
Chronic disease	11%
Depression/hopelessness	9%
High blood pressure	7%
Anxiety	6%
Obesity - childhood	5%
Dental problems	5%
Poor personal hygiene	3%
Other	2%
Suicide	1%
Maternal health issues	1%
Sexually transmitted diseases	0%
HIV/AIDS	0%

Q6 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important problems related to quality of life and environment in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

427 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
Cost of health care and/or medications	48%
Limited job opportunities	31%
Lack of health insurance or limited health coverage	27%
Homelessness	23%
Poverty	23%
Chronic loneliness or isolation	18%
Limited safe places to walk, bike, etc.	16%
Limited places to play or healthy activities for kids	14%
Poor air quality	13%
Limited social services or programs	13%
Unsafe neighborhoods	12%
Limited organized activities for children and teens	11%
Limited ability to get healthy food or enough food	10%
Poor water quality	8%
Limited access to public transportation	7%
Low quality housing	5%
Limited child care and preschool programs	4%
Other	3%
Exclusion or discrimination based on race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, etc.	3%

Q7 - From the following list, which do you think are the 3 most important risky behaviors related to personal choices in your county? Please choose ONLY 3. - Selected Choice

427 Responses

Field	Percentage of Responses
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Drug use	65%
Lack of exercise	34%
Alcohol use	31%
Unhealthy eating choices	26%
Tobacco - smoking	20%
Overeating	20%
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Distracted driving (cellphone use)	18%
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Domestic violence	13%
Impaired driving (drugs/alcohol)	10%
Not getting recommended immunizations	5%
Crime - violent	4%
Vaping	4%
Tobacco - chewing	3%
Unprotected sex	3%
Gambling	2%
Other	2%
Not using seatbelts and/or child safety seats	2%
ATV crashes	1%
Sexual assault/rape	0%
Gun-related injuries	0%